Are you in it?
That is, have you an advertisement in the DAILY TIMES? If you haven't, why haven't you!

Victoria Daily Times.

USE LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE AT COCHRANE & MUNN'S

VOL. 16 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892 NO. 56

JUST RECEIVED---DIRECT FROM EUROPE

A splendid assortment of the Celebrated

French and Italian Mandolines, Guitars

BANDURRIAS AND ZITHERS.

Also genuine **English Tambourines, Nigger Bones, English and Anglo-German Concertinas.** Also a fine assortment of **Russian Gut Strings** for Violins, Guitars and Banjos, to which we call special attention.

We have at present the finest assorted stock of Musical Goods in town, which we offer at low prices for cash.

C. A. LOMBARD & CO.

71 GOVERNMENT STREET.

—TO—

CANNERY MEN, INDIAN TRADERS!

AND OTHER WHOLESALE BUYERS

—OF—

DRY GOODS.

You will save from 15 to 25 per cent. by making your Spring Trade purchases from our stock.

We are now confining ourselves to our Agency business, and are POSITIVELY WITHDRAWING from the Dry Goods branch of our trade, and have decided to

SELL OFF OUR DRY GOODS within the next 90 days.

BY PRIVATE SALE in any quantities, at or under cost; or

BY TENDER for the whole Stock en bloc; or

BY AUCTION if not previously disposed of.

The Stock is fresh, and is composed of Staple Goods. It is free from shopworn and undesirable lines, as all such have been cleared off at forced sales. The entire stock has now to be sold. No reasonable offer refused. An inventory of the goods at cost price is ready for inspection.

A. B. GRAY & CO.

Wharf Street, Victoria, 17th February, 1892.

YOU'LL BE SORRY!!

IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINOR'S. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM. YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED, CHARGES MODERATE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINOR'S 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

HATCH CHICKENS BY STEAM.

Full particulars and Incubator catalogue free.

J. S. SMITH, CHILLIWHACK, B.C.

—:NEW:—

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of all kinds of Silk Goods, Tea Sets, Vases, Trays, Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of Curios, Brenzeware, etc. The finest lot of Japanese Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST.

L. B. HAMLIN, C.E. and D.L.S.

FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Notary Public, R.E.B.

HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO.

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

FINANCIAL - BROKERS

26 Fort Street.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.

Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.

Collections made at every point.

Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

THE LATE LORD LYTTON.

Provisions Made by the Last Will and Testament of the Deceased Diplomatist.

Jay Gould Reported to be Seriously Ill in His Private Car at St. Louis.

Several Men Said to Have Been Killed by the Tunnel Accident at Niagara Falls.

LONDON, March 4.—The will of the late Lord Lytton was made public to-day. The estate is valued at £750,250, entailed. Two-thirds of the income go to the widow, and there are legacies to daughters and others. All copyrights go to the widow. The widow is requested to obtain the assistance of a statesman or writer of integrity to prepare a complete record of deceased's Indian administration from the records. The will further decrees that "as there exist in the hands of persons unrestrained by a sense of honor or decency certain letters which testator believes to be garbled, and statements which he knows to be wicked and cruel falsehoods relative to the domestic life of his parents, and whereas there is no impudent misstatement or baseless imputation which biographers are incapable of adopting in pursuit of sensational novelties about the private lives of eminent persons, the widow shall collect and seal all the papers bequeathed by his father for transmission to the future Earls of Lytton, so that the representatives of the name rendered illustrious by the testator's honored father shall not be without means of refuting calumnies originated by Rosina, Lady Lytton. The testator further expects his widow and executors never to permit to be destroyed the documents which contain a complete refutation of said calumnies."

Jay Gould's Illness.

NEW YORK, March 4.—A St. Louis, Mo., special to the Times says: The physical condition of Jay Gould may be inferred from the fact that his brother, Abram Gould, the purchasing agent of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, was denied admittance to his brother while the latter was en route to some point south. The car in which Jay and Edwin Gould and Dr. Munn were travelling came in from the east over the Vandalia road, and was at once taken to a side track about three miles out where it lay for the night. No one was allowed to see Mr. Gould while here; and the story told everybody was that he was unable to receive callers. While the disappointed ones were standing about the car, Mr. Gould's brother, Abram, came up and entered the coach. He was met by Dr. Munn at the door of the state room and was informed that he could not be admitted. "But I am Mr. Gould's brother," insisted Abram. "It makes no difference, sir," repiled the doctor; I am Mr. Gould's physician and my patient is in no condition to receive callers. I am sorry to say so, but you cannot see your brother to-night." Mr. Gould pleaded a while longer, but Dr. Munn was immovable, and when Jay Gould's brother was compelled to leave with the rest the conviction was general that the millionaire was in a critical condition. Dr. Munn refuses to say what is the matter with his patient. The incident is the talk of the town today.

Accident at Niagara Falls.

NEW YORK, March 4.—A Lockport, N.Y., special to the Press says: The Niagara Falls tunnel accident of Wednesday has resulted more disastrously than was at first thought. The company's contractors, Rogers and Clements, gave out that only one man was injured. Nevertheless, five physicians have been kept in the office of the contractors awaiting a call in case of need. Robert Addison, the injured man, had his leg broken in two places and his spine dislocated and was taken to Buffalo. It is feared he will not recover. Two other men were taken out injured, but not fatally. The contractors to-day denied that there were any men buried in the debris. Workmen who were employed there state that five of the men are missing, and are supposed to be buried. The workmen report that an additional piece of roof fell last night and several men who were at work removing the debris narrowly escaped being buried underneath it. The work of removing the old timbers progresses slowly, and the bodies of the men, if there, will probably not be reached before Saturday.

Wilberg Released.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—Wm. Wilberg was taken into custody by the police on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of May Todhunter at New Westminster, B.C., a short time ago. A dispatch from Victoria stated that a man who was known as Weidermann had something to do with the murder, but it was not known whether he and Wilberg, who left Victoria for this city several days ago, were identical. After the police took Wilberg, who arrived in this city on Tuesday, into custody, a dispatch was sent to the chief of police of New Westminster, asking whether or not he was wanted. On receiving a negative reply the young man was permitted to depart. He is an industrious young man, and knew nothing whatever of the murder. He visited New Westminster a few weeks ago to see his brother, who is in business there, and on returning to this city stopped in Victoria for two days while waiting for the steamer.

Chertsey Election.

LONDON, March 4.—Polling yesterday in the Chertsey division of Surrey for a successor in Parliament to the late F. A. Hankey, resulted in a victory for Mr. Combe, the Tory candidate. The voting stood for Mr. Combe, Conservative, 4509; Mr. Baker Gladstone, Liberal, 2751; Tory majority 1838. Mr. Hankey was elected by acclamation.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.

Trouble Over a Liquor License---The Hunter Case.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 4.—The Women's Christian Temperance Union is making a strong fight to prevent Thos. Levi getting a license to sell liquors. Levi had a license for his old hotel and built a new house in the residental portion of the city. Levi was refused a license at the meeting of the license board in December. Since then Levi has been going round with a petition, and he says he has three-fourths of the qualified electors of the ward upon his petition. The Women's Christian Union has counter petitions.

There are no new developments in the May Hunter case. The police now believe that the deceased suicided. The viscera of the Hunter woman have been preserved by Dr. Fagan, who made the post mortem, but will not be chemically analysed until another clue turns up.

NOTES FROM OTTAWA.

Canadian Press Association--The London Election Case.

OTTAWA, March 4.—At the Press Association meeting to-day the following officers were elected: H. P. Moore, of Acton, President; A. F. Pirie, First Vice-President; D. Ross, Second Vice President; J. A. Atkinson, Secretary.

The London case occupied the attention of the House again this afternoon.

THEY ARE NOT DROWNED.

The Two Men of the Labrador on Their Way to Join the Schooner.

The steamer T. W. Carter, which returned from Port San Juan this morning, brings the news that the two men reported to have been lost from the schooner San Juan, were not drowned. They got astray from the schooner and drifted to San Juan none the worse for their adventure. They are now on their way to join the schooner.

The Indians told Capt. Foot that a man with a sixteen foot sealing boat, two guns and a number of seals was in Gordon creek. He told the Indians that his schooner had been wrecked off the cape, but gave a very flimsy excuse for not joining the Carter and coming on to Victoria, or even seeing any white men. It is presumed that he is a deserter from one of the schooners.

The steamer brought no other late news from the sealers.

Vancouver Items.

VANCOUVER, March 4.—A petition is being largely signed for the appointment of a market day for this city.

H. Bell-Irving returned from England yesterday.

The prospectus has been issued of the Vancouver Wine Brewing and Malting Company, with a capital of $1,000,000. The company proposes to do an export and import business.

The C.P.R. has decided not to build a block of stores opposite the Hotel Vancouver this season.

There will be a football match tomorrow between the Matsqui Rangers and the Vancouver club.

Accused of Revenue Frauds.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, March 3.—The Federal authorities to day arrested Quan Chung, the wealthiest Chinaman in Idaho. It is claimed that the prisoner has defrauded the government out of a large amount of money. A few weeks ago an officer raided Chung's store, and in addition to several pounds of contraband opium found half a dozen revenue stamps, which he would place upon tins of smuggled opium, thereby defrauding the revenue. It is thought Chung is a member of a smuggling ring that has long been operating in western Washington and northwestern Idaho. He came to Boise several years ago without a dollar, and is now worth over $100,000.

U. S. And Mexico Boundary.

PHOENIX, Ark., March 3.—General Torres, governor of Sonora, who is on his way to Ensenada, said in regard to the rumor of the re-survey of the international boundary line throwing considerable American territory on the Mexican side. "There will be no change that will amount to anything. It may vary a few rods in some places, and that is all. Your American newspapers are so sensational that they seize every opportunity to make mountains out of molehills."

The King of Greece Threatened.

ATHENS, March 4.—A number of letters have been received by the King since his dismissal of the Delyannis cabinet, in which his course is severely criticised and condemned and his life menaced. The King's action is regarded with much disfavor by the people, as Prime Minister Delyannis was very popular.

Desperate Germans.

LONDON, March 4.—A number of unemployed workingmen at Dantzic, enraged on account of being unable to find employment, looted several bakers' shops to-day, crying that they would steal before they would starve. They also seized several butchers' carts and distributed the contents. The police ultimately dispersed the mob.

Noah Porter Dead.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 4.—Ex-President Noah Porter, of Yale, died this morning. He was born at Farmington, Conn., Dec. 14, 1811. He was president of Yale College from 1871 till 1896, during which time the college made remarkable progress.

German Trains Collide.

BERLIN, March 4.—An express train from this city and a goods train collided this morning at Bromberg. The driver, the stoker and a passenger were killed and several passengers injured.

SEALS IN BEHRING SEA.

Lord Salisbury Will Not Agree to a Renewal of Last Year's Modus Vivendi.

The New York Tribune's Washington Correspondent Raises the Usual Alarm.

A Proposition to Set Up a Thirty-Mile Limit Around the Pribyloff Islands.

LONDON, March 3.—Lord Salisbury has informed the Washington authorities that he is unwilling, pending arbitration proceedings in the Behring sea dispute, to consent to a renewal of the *modus vivendi* of last year. He is willing, however, to take the necessary steps for putting a stop during the coming season to pelagic sealing within 30 miles of the Pribyloff Islands.

NEW YORK, March 4.—In connection with the report from London that Lord Salisbury is unwilling to renew the Behring sea *modus vivendi* the Tribune has the following special from Washington: "No one who has carefully followed the various phases of negotiations in the pending controversy of the seal fisheries in Behring sea will be surprised to learn that Lord Salisbury refuses to consent to a renewal of the *modus vivendi* of last year. The information which reaches the Tribune by way of London is practically confirmed here. At any rate its correctness is not denied. As long ago as last November Lord Salisbury began making difficulties and raising objections to a renewal of the *modus vivendi*. Those difficulties and objections were referred to a number of times in these dispatches, but as they were not based, apparently, upon any substantial grounds, little importance seemed to be attached to them, so long as the treaty itself referring the entire controversy to arbitration remained unsigned. Even as late as last week, or about the time that Lord Salisbury finally agreed to authorize Sir Julian Pauncefote to sign the treaty, there was no reason to believe that the British Government would in the end resist a proposition so eminently fair and so absolutely necessary in order to protect from utter destruction the fast dwindling seal herds. The reasons for Lord Salisbury's refusal to renew the *modus vivendi* of last year are not stated in the London dispatch, and the State Department, if it has been furnished with any such reasons, is unwilling at present to make them public. It is difficult to imagine what they can be. Whatever they are, the practical effect of Lord Salisbury's refusal will be the indiscriminate slaughter of tens of thousands of seals, and possibly their extermination. Neither Canada or Great Britain will derive any benefit from such a course, but it will prove a serious financial loss to the United States. By the time the board of arbitration reaches a conclusion there may be nothing left to arbitrate about. The seal will simply have disappeared. If this be Lord Salisbury's object, he has certainly taken the most effective steps to attain it in refusing to renew the *modus vivendi* of last year."

A CASE OF STEAL.

Wm. Halman Helps Himself to the Tools of Carpenters Working on the Driard.

A respectable looking young man, Wm. Halman, was arraigned at the police court this morning charged on two informations with the larceny of carpenter's tools from Samuel Daw and from Wm. Swanson, who are engaged in working on the Driard building. The prisoner pleaded guilty to both charges.

The court asked if these article were taken at the same time, as if they were it would constitute but one offence.

Chief Sheppard stated that the men engaged on the Driard building had been missing their tools for some time, but these were the only ones found in the prisoner's possession.

Wm. Swanson testified that the tools belonging to him were taken on Wednesday; and Daw stated that his must have been taken on Tuesday.

The court imposed a penalty of three months in jail at hard labor for the first offence, and two months for the second offence.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

C. W. Murray of Vancouver is at the Oriental.

Thos. E. Ladner of Ladners Landing is in town.

Mayor Townsend of Westminster is at the Driard.

D. A. McDonald of New Westminster is at the Oriental.

T. D. Conway came down from Chemainus yesterday.

C. J. Kalford of the Vulcan Iron Works, San Francisco, is in the city.

E. P. Wetmore of the Edison Electric Light Co., of Portland, returned from Nanaimo to-day.

Capt. Power and Mrs. Power leave for San Francisco this evening via the City of Kingston and Tacoma.

S. M. Robins of the Vancouver Coal Company came down from Nanaimo to-day and leaves for the Sound to-night.

Mrs. John Grant and daughter are expected home from San Francisco, where the winter has been spent, next Monday.

W. O'Connor and Mrs. O'Connor who have been visiting Capt. Lawless of Saanich leaves for San Francisco this evening.

H. Moody, returned last evening from Philadelphia where he succeeded in passing his first examination for the dentistry.

The Prairie State Incubator is the best made. McLennan & McFeely, agents.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Drink Johnson's pure teas and coffees

The fruit trees in the district are already commencing to blossom.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

A lot of tools were stolen from the new Driard block yesterday.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Matheson took place this afternoon.

Two carloads of newest designs of carpets and rugs at Weiler Bros

A carload of handsome ladies' desks, cabinets, center tables, etc., just in at Weiler Bros.

The B. C. Benevolent disbursed $115.50 for charity during February.

A fine line of 1847 Roger Bros. quadruple plated silver ware, suitable for wedding gifts, at Weiler Bros.

The stand pipe on the theatre building has been completed and accepted by Chief Deasy.

Drink Johnson's pure teas and coffees

At a meeting of St. Andrew's church congregation last evening, Jno. B. McKillican and R. Cruickshank were elected elders.

For a thorough course in book-keeping or penmanship, go to the B. C. Business College, 43 Government St. Open day and night. Terms nominal. Best methods taught.

The Turkish bath establishment on Yates street now in the hands of the sheriff, has no connection with the Victoria Turkish Bath Co., whose place of business will be in the Five Sisters block.

Among the numerous artistic photographs recently produced at the Queen Art Studio, 43 Fort street, the costume portraits of the Masters Louis and Oscar Redon, of the Driard, are very fine, both as photography and work of art, specimens of which are now exhibited in the windows. Do not fail to see them at 43 Fort street. We recommend all to the Queen's Art Studio.

Boat and Canoe Builders.

Messrs. Tab & Yelland, formerly of the Peterboro Canoe Company of Ontario, have arrived in the city and will immediately commence to erect a factory for the manufacture of all kinds of boats and canoes, from the paper racing shell to a sailing boat. The works will in all probability be erected at Oak Bay, although the firm have not as yet finally decided upon a site. The native cedar and other island lumber will be used almost entirely by the new firm. Of course some of the harder wood will be brought from the east, in fact the first consignment of butternut and bass wood has arrived. The firm have adready figured on a contract for a number of canoes for a boat house of this city, who intends to be ready to meet the demand for canoes as pleasure boats during the coming season. They have also in contemplation the building of some racing shells which they claim to be able to make as well any eastern firm. The gentlemen are both thoroughly acquainted with their business and will undoubtedly make a success of the undertaking, especially as Victorians are noted for their love of boating.

Log Scaling.

The B. C. Gazette, issued last evening, contains the notice that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has been pleased to approve an order adopting the rule laid down by Doyle, in Scribner's lumber and log book, as copy-righted in 1882 by Geo. W. Fisher, of Rochester, New York, as the rule for scaling logs in this Province until further ordered.

The Wires Crossed.

The cross in the district telegraph wires which burned out one of the company's boxes in the Janion hotel yesterday, also burned out a number of telephones. A fire alarm wire became entangled with one of the Tramway Company's guy wires this morning and a continual tap of the fire bell was the result.

The Walla Walla's Passengers.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—Passsengers on the Walla Walla for Victoria: H. Urquhart and wife, B. Heathcote, Mrs. J. Grant and daughter, Mrs. A. P. Briggs, H. R. Heffels, F. Dillman, Rev. J. Logan, W. Miller, Mrs. A. Morse, Mrs. Bacon, S. Davis, Miss Jameson, B. MacGill.

Accepted the Invitation.

The members of the legislature have through Hon. D. W. Higgins, Speaker of the House, accepted an invitation to attend the performance at the Victoria theatre this evening. There will undoubtedly be a large and fashionable audience present.

Dismissed Without Costs.

An application was made in chambers this morning for the payment of wages in preference to the claim of the execution creditor in the case of the execution act and Braden & Stanford vs. Bergman. The summons was dismissed without costs.

The Plasterer's Resolution.

The resolution passed by the plasterer's union to the effect that they would not work with Chinamen seems to have become a dead letter, as this morning there were half a dozen Chinamen mixing mortar for the new Driard building.

Coming up in Tow.

A despatch was received this afternoon stating that a large ship heavily laden passed Otter Point at 1:30 in tow, bound for Victoria. It is expected that the ship is either the Argyleshire or Thermopylae, both of which are overdue.

Theatre Party To-night.

The Young Men's Hebrew Society give a theatre party at the Imperial Theatre to-night and have secured every box seat in the house. About thirty couple will attend in a body.

Carving sets at Fox's.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire From All Parts of the Dominion.

The Manitoba Provincial Orange Grand Lodge elected James Morrow grand master.

Archbishop Cleary left yesterday for a trip South in search of better health than he at present enjoys.

Ex-Sheriff John McEwen of Windsor is dead, aged 79. His wife was granddaughter of Benedict Arnold.

Patrick McGarvey, aged 55, a farmer, was struck by a train while driving across the track near Orangeville and killed.

The Winnipeg Tribune publishes a rumor from Ottawa, that Daly, member for Selkirk, will shortly replace Dewdney in the Cabinet.

A man named Cooper committed suicide, yesterday morning, by blowing his brains out. His eldest son took his own life a year ago.

A. H. Muir, formerly of Hamilton, and of late years residing in Detroit, is dead. He was a brother of W.K. Muir, formerly manager of the Great Western Railway.

Mr. Dugas was re-elected to the House of Commons in Montcalm, Que., yesterday by a majority of 400 over Therien. Both Candidates are Conservatives.

Justice Meredith, in the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, has granted an order for winding up the Ontario Express company, declaring it to be insolvent.

Duncan Sinclair, one of the first surveyors sent to Manitoba by the Canadian Government, who has just died at Strathclair station, was 75 years old, and has been blind eight years.

The Ottawa and Osgoode Halls met at Toronto, in a contest for the championship of the Ontario Hockey Association. The former won, obtaining ten goals against their opponents' four.

Miss Segne Rosmissen, a Dane, and Miss Emma Avenson, a Swede, leave Winnipeg for Vancouver on Saturday, on their way to China as missionaries from the First Scandinavian church in Winnipeg.

A prospectus issued by the Argus Publishing company announces a new paper in Winnipeg in Conservative interests. The Mirror, a weekly paper, devoted to sporting and society news, appears on Saturday.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association, held at Ottawa, strongly protested against the heavy duty on "boiler plate." A deputation was appointed to interview the Ministers, and secure a reduction.

The Educational Association of the Dominion of Canada, which was organised in Toronto during the recent convention of the National Education Association of the United States, will hold its first meeting July 5 and 8.

Dr. Fiset, Government candidate for St. Sauveur Quebec, has withdrawn, as agreed, and Parent, Liberal, has been elected by acclamation. Carbray, Conservative, has also been elected by acclamation for Quebec West, his opponent also having withdrawn.

The civic legislation committee has decided to ask the legislature for power to tax chartered banks $400, private banks $300 each, fire and life insurance companies $300 each, guarantee and accident companies $50 each, and electric telegraph and telephone companies $100 each.

It is rumored that immediate steps will be taken to annul Hon. L. J. Beaubien's election for Nicolet, on the alleged grounds that Mr. Mauffet, the National candidate, whose retirement permitted Beaubien to go in by acclamation, was bought off by Hon. L. P. Pelletier.

The Quebec Nationalists are undaunted by the result of the Provincial nominations and claim that, notwithstanding the boasting of the Conservative press, they will win on election day. The Conservative press claim that the returns presage overwhelming defeat for Mercier.

General Manager Shaughnessy, of the C.P.R., denies that there is any truth whatever in the report that a big strike of C.P.R. conductors and brakemen on the western division is contemplated. There is the question of a readjustment of rates among the western men, but there is no idea of consequent trouble.

A formidable deputation, representing the printing and publishing trades, interviewed Hon. Messrs Foster and Bowell, yesterday afternoon, and pointed out the disastrous effects of the U. S. copyright law on the Canadian book publishing interests. Since the act had gone into force, reprinting had entirely stopped in Canada. The deputation urged that duty on books be increased whereby the printers, bookbinders and papermakers would be benefitted. It also demanded a revision of the tariff as regards everything pertaining to printing.

A man named J. Orchard was for a number of years bookkeeper for Nasmith, a large baker in Toronto. While employed by Nasmith, Orchard was studying for the Episcopal ministry, and was recently ordained and appointed as minister of Christ church here. A new bookkeeper in Nasmith's establishment having to refer to some past acts, discovered an error, and further investigation showed that Orchard had systematically defrauded his employer for years. Nasmith, who did not wish to create scandal, instead of taking criminal proceedings laid the facts before Bishop Sweatman. The Bishop interviewed Rev. Orchard, who confessed his guilt and resigned. He at once left the city and is said to have selected Chicago as his future abode.

Reads Like a Novel.

SANTA FE, N.M., March 4.—A terrible tragedy came to light this week at El Rito, a little Mexican town about 15 miles west of this city. Ten years ago a young man named Rodrigo Martinez left his home for Old Mexico to work in the mines. He told his old mother and his sweetheart that he would return wealthy and would care for them in good style. He had been gone about three years and wrote at long intervals. Then suddenly all communication ceased. Finally it was learned through a man who was supposed to be a friend of young Martinez that he had been killed in a fight in the mines. Roderigo meanwhile had received word from his old home that his mother had died, and then that the girl who had promised to wait for him had married another. After working hard for ten years he returned to his native town to learn that his mother was still alive and his former sweetheart was not married. He met the man who told his mother that he was killed, and this man advised him to go to his old home in disguise and surprise his mother. The idea was acted upon, and while he was sitting in his mother's house, a stranger introduced by the friend, he was suddenly set upon by the old woman, who stabbed him to the heart. She had been told by the supposed friend that the man was the one who had killed her son, and she took immediate revenge. When she learned the truth she went raving mad and cut her throat from ear to ear. The intended wife of Roderigo heard of the details, and through her instrumentality the false friend also met his death.

Caught in the Ruins.

DETROIT, Mich., March 3.—While firemen were playing on the ruins this morning of Wm. Reid's glassware house, burned last night, a joist broke, carrying to the ground floor a portion of the fourth floor, upon which they were at work. All but one fireman landed on top of the debris. Captain Haven escaped without injury, Lieut. John Causley had his knees badly bruised; pipeman Oscar Reidy received a scalp wound. Pipeman Charles H. Vyse was badly cut and bruised, and perhaps received internal injuries. He and Causley were taken to the Grace hospital. Pipeman Wm. Dunegrew was not so fortunate; he fell under the mass of smoking ruins. The firemen worked desperately, and after fifteen minutes' hard work extricated him from his terrible position, probably fatally injured.

Tyranny in Germany.

BERLIN, March 3.—A large number of unemployed workmen of Hanover marched to the municipal works to-day and demanded the discharge of Polish laborers. Their demands being refused, they made an attack on the Poles and a number were injured. The police suppressed the riot and arrested the leaders. At Leipsic 100 men out of work tried to parade the streets in a body, but were dispersed by the police.

The Cologne Gazette is being prosecuted for expressing pain and regret that the Emperor's splendid inheritance is melting away under the caprices of the hour, and declaring that citizens ought to unite and drive from office the Emperor's dangerous advisors and give him a chance to read the mind of the people.

An Angry Husband.

CAMDEN N.J., March 3.—Howard Mason, of Camden, formerly a Philadelphia policeman, shot his wife and cut her throat. He went home at two o'clock and found a strange man in the house with another woman and Mason's wife, who was in bed. He fired his revolver at the stranger. The wife threw the lamp at the husband, setting fire to the bed. He continued to empty his revolver, and then cut his wife's throat. The blaze from the burning bedclothes called out the fire department and the fire was extinguished without loss. Mason surrendered and was locked up, with Mrs. Helen Walker and Henry Sharey, the two who were in the house. Mrs. Mason was taken to the hospital dangerously injured She is likely to die. The husband expresses no regret.

Driven Out by Whitecaps.

CHICAGO, March 4.—W. Firman sold his Lake county farm by auction yesterday and will take up his abode elsewhere. He has been persecuted for several weeks by whitecaps, and said sooner than risk his life any longer he would leave the place where he had lived for 39 years. Much of his farm machinery had been destroyed, he had received threatening letters, a powder bomb was found under his dining room window, and one night he saw a masked man pour oil on his door steps and light it. Firman's troubles followed his prosecution of a dozen young men for breaking up a show his son was managing.

A Fortunate Porter.

ST. PAUL, March 4.—J. M. Billingsby, a porter running on the 300 line out of St. Paul, is heir to a fortune in New Mexico. An old bachelor uncle, F. J. Jarvis, of Albuquerque, died last Saturday and left an estate valued at $130,000. When the will was read it was found that one-third of the entire sum was bequeathed to the St. Paul nephew and the remainder in equal shares to a neice and nephew who are residing in New Mexico.

Shot by a Preacher.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 3.—In Green County, Rev. John Calvin, a Methodist preacher, this morning shot and killed Wm. Herdy, deacon in the church, and fatally wounded David Smith, brother-in-law of Herdy. Herdy suspected Calvin of being intimate with his wife, and attacked him with a cane, when Calvin drew and fired three shots. Calvin is in jail at Tutaw.

A High Priced Stallion.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 3.—Mr. A. H. Moore, of Cleverdale stock farm, Colmar, Penna, has sold to Mr. W. C. France and Son, this city, Commoner, a brown stallion foaled in 1886, by Electioneer, dam Molly Cobb by Gen. Benton, second dam, American Girl by Toronto Sontag. The price is $12,500.

The Reporter Now Has Typhus.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Aaron Aaronson, one of the typhus patients on North Brothers Island, died to-day. The latest patient is Frederick J. Hamilton, a reporter who was engaged in writing up the typhus story a week ago. He is isolated on North Brothers Island.

Mr. Blaine Has a Cold.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Secretary Blaine was confined to bed to-day by a severe cold which he caught yesterday by exposing himself to the weather.

Mrs. Wm. McConnick, 334 McDermott, Winnipeg,

Was the fortunate person to secure the elegant Gold Watch from the Ladies' Pictorial Weekly's (of Toronto Ontario,) Prize Competition for Saturday Watches and other prizes given away daily. Send two three cent stamps for particulars.

Your Chance.

Acre tracts at Kaslo City from $150 up. Terms given. O'Neill & Cowie, 204 Yates street, Victoria. *

Cambridge sausages, beef sausages, pork pies, boiled corn beef and ham, at Whitelaw & Co.'s, 125 Fort street.

THE COMOX LAND SALE.

The Lots Sold on Tuesday---Purchasers and Prices Obtained.

The following Comox lots were sold by Messrs. Richards and Cuthbert, auctioneers, on Tuesday last:

LOTS	PURCHASER.	PRICE.
86	Alexander Begg	$ 32 50
87	" "	32 50
50	" "	25 00
51	" "	25 00
88	R. A. Creech	22 50
89	" "	22 50
96	" "	22 50
14	S. Creech	32 50
1	"	75 00
73	A. Dodds	30 00
77	Capt. Vidler	32 50
76	" "	22 50
69	" "	25 00
6	" "	115 00
68	Mrs. Parker	27 50
59	" "	27 50
72	R. Drake	25 00
58	Sam'l. Creech	20 00
41	" "	27 50
70	" "	20 00
55	J. W. Creighton	22 50
23	W. D. Dunnington	35 00
22	" "	25 00
24	Merryfield	30 00
25	"	25 00
4, bk. 156, 40 ac.	Geo. Randale	320 00
1, bk. 156, 40 ac.	Richards	405 50
		$1,520 00

PETITION TO THE LEGISLATURE

Mr. Muir Has Satisfied All the Requirements of the Act, But Cannot Get a Certificate.

The following petition was read in the Legislature at a recent sitting:

To the Honorable the Speaker and Members of the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia in Parliament Assembled:

The petition of John Nicholson Muir, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, humbly sheweth:

1. That your petitioner was a candidate for a first class grade A, life certificate to teach in said Province at the examination held in July, 1890.

2. The said certificate was not granted by the Board of Examiners in said July, 1890. and no reason was assigned therefor.

3. The terms or conditions on which said certificate ought to have been granted were as follows: (a.) That the candidate should be a graduate in arts of a Canadian university. (b.) That he should satisfy the Board of Examiners as to his knowledge of the school law and the art of teaching. (c.) That he should present a testimonial of moral character.

4. (a) Your petitioner was at that time and is a graduate in arts of a Canadian university. (b) Your petitioner presented himself to the board of examiners to satisfy them as to his knowledge of school law and the art of teaching, and was informed by the Superintendent of Education in the presence of another examiner that they were satisfied. (c) Your petitioner presented to the board of examiners a testimonial of moral character signed by the Rev. P. McF. McLeod to the effect that your petitioner was a member in full communion of his church and a teacher in his Sabbath school.

5. The leader of the Government at the last session of the Legislature informed the Legislature that the said testimonial of moral character was withdrawn before the board of examiners refused to grant the certificate.

6. The said Rev. P. McF. McLeod in April last in the presence of Messrs. J. Finlayson, Thos. McConnon, T. M. Henderson, R. B. McMicking, Thos. Bryden, all of Victoria, and in the presence of your petitioner, stated that he had not withdrawn the said testimonial from the said board of examiners.

7. Your petitioner did not withdraw the said testimonial of moral character.

8. Your petitioner in said July, 1890, also applied for a renewal of his 1st class grade A certificate to teach in this Province, which was in force on the 1st July, 1888.

9. The terms or conditions on which said renewal certificate ought to have been granted were as follows: "That it shall be renewed on application of the holder thereof."

10. The renewal was refused and no reason was assigned therefor.

11. The trustees of the English school, Lulu Island, held their school for your petitioner in said July, 1890, subject to his receiving either of said certificates.

12. Your petitioner has suffered serious loss on account of neither of said certificates having been granted.

Your petitioner, therefore, prays that your honorable body will be pleased to cause an investigation to be held as to the reason why neither of said certificates was granted to your petitioner in said July, 1890, and your petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray, etc.

JOHN N. MUIR.

Asleep for 18 Months.

VALPARAISO, Ind., March 4.—Mrs. Mary Robinson, an inmate of the Starkey county poorhouse, has been asleep 18 months. The regular pulsations of the heart alone indicate that she is alive. When her eyelids are pried open her eyes stare into space, and with no gleam of intelligence in them. A sound rap on the head or a pin thurst into the flesh causes no movement. Milk, her only nourishment, is given her through a rubber tube inserted in her nose. The sleeper is placed in a rocking chair during the day, and at night is carried to her bed, near by.

Mental worry, over-work and excesses are the fruitful causes of insanity. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an unfailing remedy, building anew the blood and restoring wasted energies. Good for men and women.

The Latest.

Photographs on handkerchiefs, book marks, etc., will not break, wash out or fade, see samples at Jones & Co., 60 Yates street.

Wall papers in newest patterns and colors, a carload just received by Weiler Bros.

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for PATENTS

A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

STANLEY HOUSE

Cash Dry Goods

Cor. Broad and Yates.

We are now busy opening up our

NEW STOCK

FOR THE

COMING SEASON.

Our stock this season will be by far the Largest and Most Varied we have ever shown.

We have now received our advance shipments, consisting of

25 CASES

CONTAINING

STAPLES,
HENRIETTAS,
BLACK DRESS GOODS,
CANTON DRAPERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Thirty-five Cases additional new goods to arrive during the next week.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

To Investors, Settlers, and Speculators:

To such we confidently commend the following properties, most of which, beyond all doubt, will prove splendid investments, sure to treble their present value in the very near future.

18.—100 acres, Shawnigan Lake, a bargain, $650.
19.—100 acres, West Saanich road, seven miles from city, cheap.
20.—150 acres West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, 50 acres under crop. A snap at the price asked.
21.—250 acres, West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, cleared.
22.—142 acres, West Saanich road, half mile water front, splendid fishing, shooting and hunting.
23.—130 acres, West Saanich road, good house, etc., 20 acres cleared; would lease.
24.—70 acres, East Saanich road.
25.—100 acres, East Saanich road.
26.—50 acres, East Saanich road, good land, partly cleared and fenced, with cottage and fruit trees.
27.—Four farms at Cobble Hill.
28.—One farm close to Langford Station.
29.—60 acres in five and ten acre blocks, close to city limits, $400 and $500 per acre.
30.—Three fine building lots, Grant street, Fernwood, only $1900, easy terms.
31.—Three fine building lots, Fowl Bay road, one minute from Cadboro and Oak Bay cars, $1400.
32.—30 acres, Sec. 15, R. 6 E. Seven acres cleared. $75 per acre.
33.—162 acres, W portions of Secs. 72, 73, 74, Prospect Lake, mixed land, $25 per acre, easy terms.

SNAPS:

34.—For rent or sale, superior built 5-roomed cottage, woodshed, etc. Lot 60x120. Splendid location for chicken raising.
35.—Rent and sale, 4-roomed cottage, close to car; woodshed, etc. Price $1150; cash $150, balance $50 quarterly, at 7 per cent.
36.—Splendid business opening (hotel) for party with $6000 cash.
37.—Splendid business opening (grocery) for party with $4000 cash.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

MRS. McGREGOR,

MIDWIFE,

Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St., above Blanchard.

fe27-tf

STEAMBOATS.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, March 15, 1892, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer Monowai ..... THURSDAY, March 31st, 1892, 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

nov28

STEAMBOATS.

HO! FOR THE EAST!!

The Upton Line of Steamships

GOOD PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION

$300!! $300!! $300!!

Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.

SS. ZAMBESI

Due 11th March, via Honolulu.

SS. ROMULUS

Due 25th March.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - - - March 5

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo ..... Tuesday, 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.

TIME CARD.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON

VICTORIA ROUTE.

8:00 a.m. ....*Lv Tacoma Ar ..... 5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m ....Lv Seattle Lv..... 3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m.....Lv Pt Towns'd Lv..... 12:00 p.m.
4:30 p.m.....Ar Victoria Lv ..... 8:30 p.m.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF SEATTLE.

WHATCOM ROUTE.

5:30 p.m.....†Lv Tacoma Ar..... 4:30 p.m.
9:00 p.m.....Lv Seattle Lv..... 2:30 p.m.
12:17 a.m.....Lv Pt Towns'd Lv..... 11:30 a.m.
2:45 a.m.....Lv Anacortes Lv..... 9:15 a.m.
7:30 a.m.....Ar Fairhaven Lv ..... 8.00 a.m.
6:15 a.m.....Ar Sehome Lv..... 7:15 a.m.
4:30 a.m.....Ar Whatcom Lv*..... 6:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

5:30 p.m.....†Lv Tacoma Ar..... 4:30 p.m.
7:00 a.m.... *Lv Seattle Ar..... 2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m.....Lv Edmonds Lv..... 12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m .....Lv Muckilteo Lv..... 10:45 a.m.
12:00 m.....Lv Marysville Lv..... 9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m .....Lv Lowell Lv..... 8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m.....Ar Snohomish Lv*..... 7:00 a.m.

STEAMER EDITH.

PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.

11:00 p.m.....†Lv Seattle Ar..... 3:00 p.m.
..... Kingston Lv .....
12:30 a.m.....Lv Pt Madison Lv..... 3:10 p.m.
3:00 a.m.....Lv Pt Gamble Lv..... 11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m.....Lv Pt Ludlow Lv..... 10:00 m.
6:00 a.m.....Ar Pt Towns'd Lv..... 8:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday ‡Daily except Monday.

For further information apply to

G. G. CHANDLER,
ja18 G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.

UNION PACIFIC

THE OVERLAND ROUTE

UNION PACIFIC

Steamer leaves foot of Yates St.

EVERY MORNING

(Except Saturday)

—FOR—

Port Townsend, Seattle and Tacoma

AT 7 A.M.

For further information regarding

STEAMSHIP ::: TICKETS

—AND—

CHEAP TICKETS TO ALL POINTS

IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA

Call on or address,

C. G. RAWLINGS,
General Agent.
100 GOVERNMENT STREET. fe2

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 16,

Taking effect Jan. 15, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 27th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 15.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 20th, 1891.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

COING SOUTH. READ UP.				STATIONS.	COING NORTH. READ DOWN.			Miles from Victoria.
No. 1 Passenger Daily.		No. 3 Passenger Sat., and Sun.	Miles from Wellington.		No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 4 Passenger Sat., and Sun.	
Ar. 12:24 p.m.		Ar. 5:08 p.m.	78	VICTORIA	Dp. 8:00 a.m.		Dp. 2:30 p.m.	
" 12:30 "		" 5:54 "	74	RUSSELLS	" 8:07 "		" 2:34 "	7
" 12:10 "		" 5:44 "	67	ESQUIMALT	" 8:14 "		" 2:44 "	11
" 11:43 A.M.		" 5:19 "	60	GOLDSTREAM	" 8:39 "		" 3:09 "	20
" 10:50 "		" 4:24 "	47	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 9:38 "		" 4:04 "	31
" 10:40 "		" 4:14 "	45	COBBLE HILL	" 9:44 "		" 4:14 "	33
" 10:27 "		" 3:59 "	42	McPHERSON'S	" 9:57 "		" 4:29 "	38
" 10:17 "		" 3:49 "	40	KOKSILAH	" 10:07 "		" 4:39 "	40
" 10:03 "		" 3:34 "	36	DUNCANS	" 10:23 "		" 4:54 "	46
" 10:00 "		" 3:31 "	35	SOMENOS	" 10:26 "		" 4:57 "	47
" 9:38 "		" 3:12 "	32	CHEMAINUS	" 10:48 "		" 5:16 "	52
Dp. 8:00		9:15		NANAIMO	Ar. 11:50		6:15	
Ar. 8:20		9:35			Dp. 11:55		6:45	
Dp. 8:20		2:15		WELLINGTON	Ar. 12:24 p.m.		Ar. 6:20	

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent
oct1

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

—THE—

HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD.

DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

—TO ALL—

EASTERN POINTS,

$5 and $10 cheaper than by any other line. Passengers booked to and from all

EUROPEAN POINTS

Tickets now on sale for

ROUND THE WORLD EXCURSIONS,

Good to go in either direction.

For time tables and full information apply to

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt.,
ALLAN CAMERON, Vancouver, B.C. Fgt. & Pass. Agent.
Corner Government and Fort sts., Victoria, B.C. sa14

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

—ELEGANT DAY COACHES.—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, Asia and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 Third St. cor Washington, Portland, Or.
G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Good Value. Low Prices.

THE FISHERY COMMISSION.

Messrs. Rithet and McLellan's Evidence Before the Commission Yesterday.

Exaggerated Ideas as to the Profits Made by Those Engaged in the Industry.

A Clergyman Tells a Fish Story Which Speaker Higgins Irreverently Discredits.

On resuming business at 2:30 yesterday afternoon the Fishery Commission called for the evidence of

Robert P. Rithet, sworn, said he had lived in British Columbia 29 years and is a merchant, interested directly and indirectly in the canning industry, both as agent and owner. He has interests in his business on the Fraser, Skeena and Naas rivers. Had heard much of the offal question and thought it a very serious one. He always took the opinions of practical men who had had experience with the offal and was guided by them in the matter. All the canners would be very glad to know of some means to dispose of the offal so that it would not be injurious to the fish or the river or annoy anyone. It should be utilized if possible and witness had experimented in that direction by tureing it into oil and guano. The result would be a loss of $2000 or $3000 this season. They had disposed of part of the oil but the guano had remained. He had communicated with his English agents to try to handle it, but ineffectually; the only outlet he knew was to Sandwich Islands where fertilizer was being used, but he had been informed that they prefer bone dust manure to fish offal manure even at half the price. In consequence he had come to a complete standstill as to its disposal. He had made a shipment from Killisnoo, Alaska, with herring oil and herring guano. She arrived in England and although the guano arrived in first-class order a sale was difficult to make. Very little return is to be expected from it. He had also discussed freely with his own people in England the disposal of the oil and offal, and came to the conclusion that if the offal is deposited out in mid stream in deep water, it is effectually disposed of. But he was informed that the surrounding of canneries which were not disposing of their offal in this way were quite as sweet and clean as any. The offal was not injurious at all. With regard to fish life, it had been proved to be uninjurious. The runs on the Fraser had been as great as ever. He did not look for a large run this year. They were handicapped in various ways in disposing of the fertilizer. The land here was almost too rich already, and the offal guano cannot be made into an article of commerce except at a loss. It would cost too much to send it to Ontario or other parts of the east. In the future it could be profitably handled but not at present.

Mr. Wilmot drew attention to the great number of complaints sent to the Government re fouling the river and injuring health.

Witness continued that he had been up at Harrison Lake and other places in that neighborhood and the alleged offensiveness around the canneries is not to be compared to that up there. The fish die in myriads and the result is extremely unpleasant.

Mr. Wilmot said that the inhabitants of Delta had been down in a body and complained of the fouling of the water, thereby causing sickness, by the lodgment of offal along the river. The water when partaken of causes various distressing disorders, and they demanded abatement of the cause which they charge is fish offal.

Mr. Rithet said Ladner's Landing, Westminster, Vancouver and Victoria had suffered equally from typhoid fever and other disorders, which were not to be attributed to the fish offal at all. They were willing to make every effort to accommodate their neighbors. If the canneries were not there the fishermen would not be wanted. His brother cannerymen were equally willing to meet the public in this respect.

The fish here have different habits from those in the east. Sawdust he had heard was more injurious to streams than fish offal.

Mr. Wilmot said that sawdust was on his list, but was considered secondary to the offal question, which was the "big one."

Witness continuing said: The oil made from offal was used principally for logging camps, skidding, etc. Offal oil was 25 cents a gallon; dog fish oil 35 cents. From a sanitary point offal was non-injurious if put out in the current. The offal oil bufiness was an expensive loss.

On the license question each cannery should be allowed 25 licenses to sustain their business; they can then either fish themselves or hire outside help. He objected to licenses being given to any who did not intend to use them regularly. Twenty-five boats were necessary for a cannery; the output of a cannery was 1000 a day, on an average. Twenty boats was too little for a cannery. About 25,000 cases would be the average. The returns this year will not average more than 7000 or 8000. Witness could not see how all fishermen could be prevented having a license. When there was an excess of fish the regular fishermen employed by the canneries were laid off and the contract fish taken.

Mr. Wilmot said this was one of the strongest grounds of complaint made to the Government.

Witness—Each of the canneries should have the same number of licenses, except Ewen's, which was larger. If the canneries cannot get the proper number of licenses it would compel them to shut up as was the case on the Columbia River. As a canneryman I may say that it is about as well now as it can be. Men who fish do not pay much attention to Sunday anyway. This is a different country from the east; the fish are different and so are the inhabitants.

Mr. Wilmot said the difficult question to decide was why the Dominion Government should be obliged to make one rule for the east and another for the west.

Mr. Rithet—It is entirely a matter of expediency.

Mr. Wilmot said that there was a class of people who did not believe in working on Sunday and it was scarcely fair to them to have others enjoy a privilege from which they were debarred by their consciences.

Mr. Rithet said they had tried canning small fish and it was a heavy loss. In respect to the hatchery it was an advantage in keeping up the supply. Fees for licenses should be all alike. On the Fraser, where there was a hatchery, they were properly higher than on the rivers where there was no hatchery. From the reports of the commission at Westminster he saw that there were very exaggerated ideas as to the profits made by the canners. The industry had required the greatest care and nursing. Out of 14 canneries on the Fraser a short time ago, ten went to the wall. The Alaska canneries have hurt the southern canneries.

Mr. Higgins said when he read the report from Westminster he had serious thoughts of going into the business himself. (laughter). He read an extract from Mr. Mowat's report to show that his statement was founded on official figures.

Mr. Rithet said all the cannery employees had been faithfully paid, no matter what the season's business had been. There had been no outcry in this respect. Had they not Chinamen here it would be impossible to carry on the canning business. It does not require able-bodied labor; women and boys can do the work, and that is why Chinese are so generally employed. He knew that Mr. Ewen went to a good deal of trouble and expense to employ white labor one year and he found it unsatisfactory. The boss Chinamen are paid on an average of 52 cents per head for Chinese labor.

Alexander J. McLellan, sworn—Is a Prince Edward Islander, a resident of Victoria and a cannery proprietor. Personally he is acquainted only with the Naas River and it, he understood, is very different from all the other rivers in the province. He knew of no complaint that arrived from the Naas River. It is the most northerly of the British Columbia salmon streams, 640 miles north of Victoria. It is ¼ of a mile wide at the upper limit. The tide goes three miles above that. Drift nets are used a distance of 12 miles to the drift. There are three canneries on the Naas. He has had 43 licenses every year. The gross number of boats in the Naas would be 90 or 100. The fish do not run in the Naas in such big schools as in the other rivers; they run regularly. There are lakes at the head of the river. The mouth of the river is about two miles wide. Does not know whether he could get all the licenses he might want. He asked for 43 for the four years; if he was refused these he would have to turn the key in his cannery. The Indians would not pay for licenses; they told the officials that they owned the river and the country, and would fish if they saw fit. So, to save trouble, he paid for the licenses out of his own pocket. All the licenses are entered in his name. The Indians get no licenses outside that. The other canners do the same. There are no white fishermen on the Naas; there are no white settlements there, only a few Indians. The Sunday close season is kept by the Indians. His store is shut on Saturday and not opened until Monday morning. He would ask the commissioners for the privilege of a shorter close season; that now in force on the Naas was from 6 a.m. Saturday to 6 a.m. Monday. He wished the time extended further into Saturday. The close season of 36 hours should be made movable on account of the tide; the tides are very strong and they cannot work all the time. They used the ordinary net on the Naas. The sockeye and the spring salmon only are put up by the Naas cannery. Red and white salmon are taken; the white salmon is not popular and is not in demand in the east; the Indians get them. They are, in the opinion of witness, quite as palatable, or indeed superior, to the red salmon. It does not pay to can them on account of public prejudice against their color. About 40 pounds is the average size of the salmon caught. Sometimes they get them as heavy as 80 pounds. They had one last year which, after being cleaned and gutted, weighed 73 pounds. The northern salmon were larger than the southern ones. The humpbacks came north, he was sorry to say. The Indians use them. No cohoes are wanted. Never saw any salmon returning from the upper waters of the Naas. Never saw any dead fish floating in the river. Had been up stream 15 miles. The Rev. Mr. McCullough an English church clergyman had told him that while hunting in the vicinity of the small lakes at the head waters of the Naas, he came upon vast numbers of spoonbill ducks, which when the ice broke near the shore waded in and scooped up the young salmon by hundreds. In the crops of some of those shot as many as 150 salmon fry have been found. The locality fairly teams with these ducks and Mr. McCulloch estimated that they must destroy at least 100,000 young salmon daily.

Mr. Higgins—Who told you this story? A clergyman? (Laughter.)

Witness—Yes, a clergyman; a veay well educated and reliable gentleman.

Mr. Higgins (dryly)—I'd like to put that clergyman on the stand for a few minutes. (Renewed laughter.)

Mr. Wilmot did not think that the fish mentioned by witness's informant could have been salmon. They might have been trout or other species.

Mr. McLellan could not see any fun in thousands of ducks eating up the young salmon by the hundred thousand. Someone waggishly proposed a duckery on the principle of a salmon cannery at which there were more smiles.

Mr. Wilmot told witness to tell Rev. Mr. McCullough that next time he saw those small fish to examine them carefully and see if they had two fins on their back, the dorsal and adipose and if they had not they were not members of the salmonidæ family.

Witness—The humpbacks come up every fifth year. In the intervening years only a few of them are to be seen. Last year was the only short year he had experienced, and it was on account of the humpbacks. The run does not seem to increase. When several hundred humpbacks are caught in the net they are killed and thrown back into the river. In spite of the vast number so destroyed witness expected to see them return five years hence in greater numbers than ever. The offal is thrown into Naas Harbor, a salt water basin. The tide rise and fall is about 22 feet. The offal is never seen again; it all goes out to sea. In witness's opinion $5 is enough for a license on the Naas when it would be $15 on the Fraser. They had no hatchery on the Naas, they asked no snags pulled; white help was expensive and when required had to be imported. Wages were $40 and $45 for men; women, on an average $1 a day. No deep sea fishing is carried on opposite the Naas except a little halibut fishing. Halibut weighing 150 pounds are often caught. Beautiful sea trout are caught with a hook and line off the cannery wharf, they weigh from one to three pounds.

This concluded Mr. McLellan's evidence and as the hour was 4:30, the commissioners deemed it inadvisable to go on with the next witness and therefore adjourned until ten this morning.

Continued on page 4.

THE NEW HOUSE.

Professions and Birthplaces of the Members of That Body.

The new congressional directory shows that the stated occupations of the members of the house indicates the law to be the widest doorway into congress. Some of the members are engaged in two or three occupations, or have been. The record shows that 213 have practiced law, 65 know something about agriculture, 42 have taught school, 24 are merchants, 20 are manufacturers, 19 are bankers and capitalists, 10 are journalists, 9 could set type if they had to, 5 are physicians, 3 are sailors, 2 are ministers, while of miners, machinists, blacksmiths, bookbinders, carpenters, tanners, car finishers and harnessmakers there are just one each. The rest are politicians. Sixty-five members served in the union army, and 56 were with the confederacy in body and spirit. New York claims the honor of contributing more of her sons to the house than any other state, there being 41 representatives who were born in the Empire state. Other states furnished legislators for themselves and sister states as follows: Pennsylvania, 38; Ohio, 28; Indiana, 18; Massachusetts, 17; Kentucky, 15; Virginia, 14; North Carolina, 13; Georgia, 12; Tennessee, 11; South Carolina, 10; Illinois, 8; Alabama, 7; Maine, Mississippi, Michigan, Maryland and Missouri, 5 each; Connecticut and New Jersey, 5 each; Wisconsin, Vermont and Louisiana, 4 each; Arkansas and Rhode Island, 2 each; Florida, California and Delaware, 1 each. Kentucky and New Mexico were the birthplaces of two of the territorial delegates. Representatives Mallory, of Florida; Steward, of Illinois; Waugh, of Indiana; W. C. P. Breckinridge and J. H. Wilson, of Kentucky; Adolph Meyer, of Louisiana; Isidore Rayner, of Maryland; Castle, of Minnesota; John J. O'Neill, of Missouri; Shouk, of Pennsylvania; Roger Q. Mills, of Texas; Grout, of Vermont; Buchanan, of Virginia; Pendleton, of West Virginia, and Babbitt, of Wisconsin, have neglected to state where they were born. Foreign countries have contributed 21 members and 2 delegates. They are distributed as follows: Ireland, 9; Germany, 3; Canada, 3; Norway, 2; Sweden, 1; Greece, 1; England, 1, and Scotland, 1. One of the territorial delegates is from the Isle of Man; another hails from Nova Scotia.

HUNTS WITH EAGLES

An Indian Boy Has Two Birds Which Bring Him Big Game.

An Indian boy belonging to the Sioux tribe at Pine Ridge agency, S. D., has a pair of pets which are not only strange and interesting, but are useful as well. These are two large bald eagles. The young Indians here, says a letter from Pine Ridge, are fond of hunting, but are not allowed to own or carry guns, and the result is they are compelled to use the bow and arrow, which they use with great expertness. The boy shot and wounded an old eagle. It flew to its nest and he followed until he saw where the home of the bird was. He then killed the wounded bird and waited until its mate appeared and also killed it. Climbing to the nest, he found two young birds, which he carried home with him and began a course of training which has resulted in his having the birds so fully under control that they come and go at his command. He takes them out, and when he sights any quarry he turns his eagles loose after fastening their beaks so that they cannot eat the animal, and the birds immediately give chase and bring down the prey.

The eagles are now about a year and a half old and are so strong that they can bring down a fawn. The boy is the most successful hunter of the tribe and never goes out without bringing home some game, from a rabbit to a deer. The officers at the fort want the eagles and have offered the boy what must have appeared fabulous sums for them, but he has steadily refused all offers. The boy's father was killed during the last Indian troubles, and since then he has been the support of his mother, three brothers and sister. He is so successful in his hunting that he sells a great deal at this place, and if he continues he will become one of the wealthiest Indians of the tribe.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

— THE —
VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.
(LIMITED)
Corner Yates and Government Streets
(UPSTAIRS)

s now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS, WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.

Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE
Of a large
Bankrupt Stock
I have received positive instructions to sell to the highest bidder, regardless of cost, all kinds of Men's Clothing and Gents' Furnishings, at
92½ Douglas St., Doane Block,
Commencing on
SATURDAY, 5th OF MARCH,
At 2:00 and 7:30 p.m. sharp. Come and examine the goods prior to sale. Look out for the red flag.
JAMES MORTIMER,
mh2-1m Auctioneer.

TO LET
A well finished
ROOMY NEW HOUSE
On Silvia street, Dallas road, with every convenience, and full view of the Straits.
RENT $35 PER MONTH.
Apply at 39½ Government street.
J. GERHARD TIARKS, - - Architect.

MUNICIPAL.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, from its intersection with McClure street, to Quadra street, is closed to traffic during removal of rock, until further notice.
S. T. STYLES,
Chairman Street Committee.
Victoria, March 3rd, 1892. mh3
(Colonist copy.)

MUNICIPAL.

United States Silver Coin

ON AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF March next, the Treasurer and collectors of the Corporation of the City of Victoria will receive United States silver coin only at a discount of five per cent.
CHAS. KENT,
fe26 Treasurer.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
fe22-1m 55 Third street, Victoria.

FOR SALE
THE FAST
Steam Yacht "Angerona"
Of 14 Tons.
Can be seen at the foot of Herald street. For particulars apply to JAMES HUNTER,
fe9-1m 154 Government St.

RE-OPENED
The Windsor Hotel
Will be re-opened on March 3rd by the proprietor and proprietress, Mr. and Mrs. McDonald. The house has been thoroughly renovated. In thanking their friends for their kind patronage in the past, they solicit a share in the future. Mrs. McDonald will have full charge of the dining-room, and her sterling qualities in this line speak for themselves. fe27-1w

FARM TO LET.
Rosebank Farm, North Saanich
Containing 300 acres, of which 130 (more or less) are under cultivation, fine Orchard, Dwelling, Barns and other outbuildings. Immediate possession.
RENT $600 PER ANNUM.
APPLY TO
Lowenberg, Harris & Co.
mh2-1m

JAPANESE GOODS
You should see the cute curios and pretty ornaments in the
NEW JAPANESE BAZAAR.
We show a fine large stock, and our prices are very low.
J. M. NAGANO & CO.
90 DOUGLAS ST.

TO THE PUBLIC:
I have started a
Horse-Shoeing Business
In Grimm's old building on Johnson street, between Broad and Douglas. Thanking all of my old patrons for past favors, I solicit a share of the public trade.
fe1-1m WM. HODGE.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited.
THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.
HEAD OFFICE
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.

TO LEASE.
UPON A FIVE OR TEN YEARS' TERM, the well-known brewery, goodwill and plant, and also the residence adjoining the brewery, now owned by Mrs. A. J. Bunster, and situated on Johnson street, Victoria, for the reasonable rental of $110 per month, the lessee to pay the annual taxes thereon. Possession to be given on the 1st of August, 1892. Early applications are solicited, as the owner intends leaving this coast for a home in New York city at an early date. All applications to be directed to Mrs. A. J. Bunster, 414 Golden Gate avenue, San Francisco, and will receive prompt attention. fe22-tf

A. MAXWELL MUIR
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block.
sp22

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE
Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.
IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE
to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
BEFORE AFTER
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets,
au29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria.

PERFECTLY RESTORED!
"I intended to let you know results of treatment, but thought I'd best wait, and after five months I must say, that I am thoroughly satisfied that I was perfectly restored to health, both as regards physical and nervous vigor, and I may also say, that I am engaged at work for the last five months, which I never could have stood but for your treatment."
The original of above letter is on file in our office. It is No. 81 in a collection of over 2,000 similar letters from actual patients. We have a
A POSITIVE CURE
For Lost or Failing Vitality; General and Nervous Debility; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effect of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment — Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States, Territories and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address
ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
7 BUFFALO, N.Y

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets
VICTORIA, B. C.

CAFÉ ROYAL
Having re-opened we are prepared to furnish
Weddings, Receptions, Balls and Afternoon Teas.
MADE FRESH DAILY:—Chocolate Eclairs, Cream Puffs, Macaroons, Pies and all kinds of Cakes, also fine French Candies.
OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.
The Twenty-Third Drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Rooms, Broad street (opposite View), on Friday, the 4th of March, 1892, at 8 p.m.
See that your shares are in good standing.
By order, A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.
A few shares on hand, which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary, at his office, 40 Fort street. mh1-td

BANKERS' NOTICE.
UNITED STATES SILVER COIN
FROM AND AFTER 1st MARCH PROX., the following banks will only receive United States silver coin at a discount of Five per cent.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, WM. C. WARD, Manager.
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, G. H. BURNS, Manager.
BANK OF MONTREAL, A. J. GALLETLY, Manager.
GREEN, WORLOCK & CO., FRED. T. WORLOCK, Manager.
Victoria, B.C., 25th Feb. 1892. fe27-1m

SEEDS THAT WILL GROW
My Price List of Seeds, Plants and Requisites, for 1892, is now ready. If you have not received one, send post card with your address and you will receive one by next mail. My seeds are all tested before being sent out.
PLANTS, SHRUBS, TREES
AND
Everything Required in the Garden or Greenhouse
G. A. McTAVISH,
Seedsman, Florist and Nurseryman, 9 Par Road, Victoria.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

YOUNG MAN (26), first mate's certificate (English), desires berth on coast steamer. Strictly sober and good references. Address R. P., TIMES office. mh2-4t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A housemaid. Apply to Mrs. Powell, Burdette avenue. mh4-tf

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply at once. Mrs. Piercy, Menzies street, James Bay. m3-1w

WANTED—A girl to do housework. Apply at 85 Fort street. mh3-3t

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. J. H. White, 68 David street. mh3-3t

WANTED—A skirt and bodice maker. Apply Elite Dressmaking Parlors, 119 Fort street. mh2-tf

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply at No. 12 Scoresby street. fe23 tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A furnished front room, in James Bay, Beacon Hill preferred. Address R. J. B., TIMES office. mh4-1f

WANTED—An unfurnished room in good locality, five minutes' walk from post-office. Address H., TIMES office. mh3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—To purchase or hire a gas steam engine. Address with particulars and price, "M," TIMES office. m3-3t

HOUSE WANTED—Containing 7 or 8 rooms conveniently situated. Address "Merchant," TIMES office. feb22

WANTED—Houses renting less than $20 per month for good tenants. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. ja23-tf.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

TO LET—On Chatham street, new house, 7 rooms.
On Beliot street, house, 7 rooms.
On Belcher avenue, house, 9 rooms.
On Vancouver street, house, 5 rooms.
On Vancouver street, house, 7 rooms.
On Labouchere street, house, 7 rooms.
On Amphion street, house, 4 rooms.
On Broad street, offices and stores.
fe17 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

TO LET—Pianos to rent. Apply at 76 Princess avenue. fe16-1m

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—Centrally located. Private house, all conveniences. Terms low. References required. Address X, box 652, post office, City. j25-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

GENERAL BUSINESS—Situated in the town of Revelstoke, for sale. No better business centre in the Province. Terms easy. For same apply to C. B. Hume, Revelstoke, or to J. F. Hume & Co., Nelson, B.C. fe18 tf

FOR SALE—Eggs for setting, from thoroughbred Plymouth Rock chickens. $2.00 per setting. Address T. Whitwell, 25 Parkington street, city. fe17-1m

WE offer the following bargains:—
Chicken ranch of 9 acres, with good stream, 4 miles from postoffice; price $1650; terms, ½ cash.
House, 7 rooms, barn and 3 lots, Victoria West; price $3300; terms ½ cash.
Large lot on Pine street; price $400.
Large lots on Cowan avenue, $275 each.
Lot 60x135 on Belcher street, $650.
Lot, Fourth street, Work estate, $800.
fe17 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A farm of 160 acres, one mile from a station on the E. & N. Ry, on the government road and close to school, etc. For further particulars address William Millett, Macpherson's Station, E. & N. Ry. fe13-1m

ANY ONE WANTING TO BUY a good paying business, call on us. We have several very good chances. G. A. Cooper & Co., 16 Trounce avenue. fe4-1m

A RARE CHANCE—On account of failing health the undersigned offers for sale, or to lease, 50 acres of choice land situate at Cadboro bay, 3½ miles from Victoria on the main road. The land is all fenced, and mostly under cultivation, very suitable for dairy purposes. For terms apply on the premises to Ira Wilson. j30-1m-d&w

PARTIES WANTING TO SELL their business, or wanting a partner, we have customers. G. A. Cooper & Co., 16 Trounce avenue. fe1-1m

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50'x126' 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Cheap corner lot on Burnside road, 56' 6"x125' 6". Price $425. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Five acres on Belcher street, magnificent site. Price $9000. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fir Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Half-acre on Gorge road, $1350. Terms easy. Cleared land. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—First-class business for two energetic young men. Small capital required. For particulars apply to Charles Green & Co., auctioneers and brokers, 46 Yates street. ja22

DETECTIVE.

MCNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE
ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.
References furnished.
C. D. MCNAUGHTON,
mh1 Manager.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER!
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas ja18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. g22-1y

ART.

K. BRADEN,
Exhibitor in Royal Academy, Institute, etc., of London, gives lessons in painting, oil and water color landscape, portrait and still life. Studio at Room 48, Five Sisters' Block, Government street. fe19-1m

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING
By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
mh1-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. fe10-1m

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
English concertinas, flutinas and accordeons tuned and repaired. W. C. Windebank (from Broadwood's, London, England), No. 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Letters punctually attended to. oc29

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 106 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. E. C. FOOTE,
B.A. and M.D., University of Dublin.
Licentiate of Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Late physician, Leamington Hospital, Warwick, England. Late physician and surgeon, Dunstan Hospital, Otago, New Zealand. Residence and office—152 Douglas St., near St. John's church. Telephone 528. fe4-1m

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.
SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital New York. au5

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sunday and holidays.

ARCHITECTS.

L. BUTTRESS TRIMEN,
ARCHITECT.
ja27-tf Turner Block.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
Corner Government and Pandora streets
Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

EDWARD MCCOSKRIE & CO.
ARCHITECTS.
Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. Take elevator.
E. MCCOSKRIE, SEN., Building Superintendent. T. J. GODDARD, Draughtsman.
fe15-eod

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Session street, Victoria, B. C. ja25-1y

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOCY
Pride of the Island No. 131, Red Rose Degree, meets first and third Wednesdays, at a quarter to eight p.m., in the St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
ARTHUR LEE,
P.O. Box 782. ja2-3m Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 H. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY,
1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
oct9 E. PFERDNER, K. of R. &S.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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The Daily Times.

NO MODUS VIVENDI.

A London dispatch states that Lord Salisbury has refused to agree to a renewal of last year's *modus vivendi* regarding Behring Sea, though he is willing to make an arrangement whereby pelagic sealing within 30 miles of the Pribyloff islands will be prohibited. Premier Abbott has already stated in the Senate that the Washington Administration has abandoned its absurd claim to jurisdiction over the whole sea, so it would appear that Canadian sealers will be at liberty this season to take seals wherever they may find them in open waters, unless Lord Salisbury's new proposal is accepted at Washington. This 30-mile limit, if adopted, will cause much confusion and hardship; for how could either sealer or man-of-war judge accurately of such a distance? The Washington dispatch to the New York Tribune which appears in another column confirms the report from London. The correspondent of the Tribune indulges in the usual hysterics over the supposed danger of exterminating the seals, and as his dispatches generally reflect the temper of the Administration, it may be taken for granted that the latter will be ready to accept whatever measure of restriction it can secure.

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY.

The enormous catch of one thousand halibut, averaging fifty pounds each, by a Vancouver boat, is the third large haul of that valuable fish within a few weeks. To the enterprise of Vancouver fishermen is due the discovery of the halibut banks, and with the vigor, characteristic of the people of that city in business matters, they are making the most of the opportunity. The extent of our deep-sea fisheries is still unknown, but it is believed to be very great. The halibut and skil (or black cod) are known to be very plentiful in the waters to the north of Vancouver Island, and their value as food fish is equal, if not superior, to that of the best Atlantic fish. The prosecution of the deep-sea fishing industry, even to a small proportion of its possibilities, would add very largely to the wealth and population of the Province. At least one-half of the continent would be the natural market for British Columbia fish, and the feeding grounds once located it needs but skill and capital to build up a trade more lasting and remunerative than gold mining, to which so much attention is directed at the present time. It is to be hoped that continued success will attend the Vancouver fishermen, and if it does it will not be long before the white sails of British Columbia schooners whiten the northern sea. Successful ventures always produce numerous imitators.

THE CASE OF MR. BARNARD.

Mr. Frank Barnard, M.P., received a very light punishment for his gross insult to Mr. Kellie. He may apparently congratulate himself on the fact that his offence was committed beneath the legislative roof, since Mr. Kellie has stated that if it had been in any outside place he would have inflicted the corporal punishment which Mr. Barnard seemed to invite. Look at the apology addressed to the Speaker, which was accepted from Mr. Barnard as sufficient:

Sir—Having learned that Mr. Kellie, the member for West Kootenay, has brought to the notice of the House a matter which I presumed was entirely a private one; and having learned that I have committed a breach of privilege of the House, I desire to express my regret and tender an apology to the House for the same. Having made arrangements to leave for Ottawa to-night, I am unable to attend the House personally. I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

F. S. BARNARD.

This means that if the matter had not been brought before the House Mr. Barnard would have expressed no regret and tendered no apology for the vile language he addressed to Mr. Kellie. Neither does his letter carry an apology to Mr. Kellie personally, but only to the House collectively, though this seems to have been regarded by the House as sufficient. Under the circumstances nothing could have been gained by pursuing the case further, but all the same the public will conclude that Mr. Barnard, for his ungentlemanly conduct, deserved much severer punishment than he received.

Montreal Witness:—The mean attempt of the Government organs to stir up jealousy among the Liberals is shown by the report that Sir Richard Cartwright did not take his seat at the opening of the House of Commons, yesterday, because he was dissatisfied with the leadership of Mr. Laurier. There seems to be no reason whatever to believe that Sir Richard Cartwright has any but the warmest feelings for Mr. Laurier. The reason for Sir Richard Cartwright's absence is that he is taking part in the campaign in London, where he spoke the night before last in Mr. Hyman's favor. Mr. J. C. Patterson is also absent from the House, electioneering in Monck. The Liberals might with just as much, or as little, reason say that he had quarrelled with Mr. Abbott.

TORIES AND ANNEXATION.

The Tory papers will have it that the Ontario bye-elections are going against the Liberals because the electors believe the Liberal policy leads in the direction of political union with the States. As remarked yesterday, the electors who voted for that policy just a year ago have no more reason to believe that statement now than they had then, unless they have been led to do so by Mr. Blake's view of the situation. And if they accept Mr. Blake without question as an authority on this matter, what do they make of his pronouncement on the Conservative policy? In that same West Durham letter Mr. Blake said:

The Conservative party has failed to accomplish the predictions of its promoters.

Its real tendency is towards disintegration and annexation instead of consolidation and the maintenance of British connection.

It has left us with a small population, a scanty immigration and a Northwest empty still.

It has left us with enormous additions to our public debt.

It has led to an extravagant system of expenditure and an unjust and oppressive tariff.

It has left us restricted markets and a host of evils arising therefrom.

It has diverted trade from its natural into forced channels, and therefore into less profitable channels.

It has left us with unfriendly relations and frowning tariff walls, estranging us from the mighty English-speaking nation to the south, with whom we ought to be, as it was promised we should be, living in generous amity and liberal intercourse.

Worse, far worse! It has left us with lowered standards of public virtue and a death-like apathy in public opinion.

It has left us with racial, religious and provincial animosities rather inflamed than soothed.

It has left us with a subservient Parliament and an autocratic Executive.

It has left us with debauched constituencies and corrupted and corrupting classes.

It has left us with lessened self-reliance and increased dependence on the public chest and legislative aids.

It has left us possessed withal by a boastful jingo spirit far enough removed from true manliness, loudly proclaiming unreal conditions and exaggerated sentiments, while actual facts and genuine opinions are suppressed.

It has left us with our hands tied, our future compromised, and in such a plight that, whether we stand or move, we must run some risks which else we might have either declined or encountered with greater promise of success.

Since Mr. Blake wrote these scorching words his convictions as to the evil tendencies of Conservative rule must have been greatly strengthened by the official exposures made by the census and the parliamentary investigations of last session. Every assertion in the above quotation from Mr. Blake's letter has been more than confirmed by the developments of the year that has passed since he wrote it, and the Ontario people who are now voting in favor of the rotten policy so trenchantly condemned by him must be aware of the fact. What, then, induces them to favor this policy now, when they condemned it a year ago? Are we to suppose that they regard Mr. Blake as capable of judging the effects of one policy and incapable of appreciating the other? If they recoil from the Liberal policy because Mr. Blake says it would make for annexation, how much comfort can they find in accepting the policy of the Conservatives, which the same authority regards as leading "towards disintegration and annexation instead of consolidation and the maintenance of British connection?" Then they have Mr. Blake's opinion further emphasized in the Montreal letter, in which he said that political union with the United States was fast becoming Canada's probable destiny under Conservative rule. If we are to believe that the Ontario constituencies are taking Mr. Blake for a guide, the conclusion must be that they are pronouncing for the ruin of their country and its subsequent absorption by the States. The Conservative papers which are so fond of quoting Mr. Blake are quite welcome to this unavoidable inference.

It is a significant circumstance that the first open and avowed movement in favor of political union with the States since the days when Premier Abbott himself was an annexationist has sprung up within the last year or so, directly as a consequence of the evils which Mr. Blake pictured as resulting from Conservative rule. It is further significant that Mr. Sol White, the leader of this movement, is a Conservative, and one of Mr. Meredith's principal supporters in the Ontario Legislature. Sol White is a thorough believer in political union, and there is no doubt that he sees in the continuance of Conservative rule the most potent influence in favor of his pet scheme. Of course the Ontario electors are at liberty, either ignorantly or designedly, to vote in favor of annexation indirectly by voting for the Conservative candidates, but those who are thus voting with their eyes shut must needs have a strange awakening, no long time hence, when the results of their action become apparent even unto them.

A morning paper advertised, in its editorial columns, an orange cure for la grippe, and the same morning a couple of Italian orange-vendors, with horse and cart, were placed on Government street. It has since transpired that the editor had "cornered" all the oranges in the city, and that the "speculation" was proving immensely profitable.

THE FISHERY COMMISSION.

(Continued from page 3.)

THIS MORNING'S SESSION.

This morning's session of the commission opened on time there being a smaller audience present than at yesterday's meeting.

Mr. Wilmot said before commencing business he would call attention to remarks that fell from his brother commissioners which would lead the public to believe that there were dissensions in the commission, not only yesterday but on a previous occasion. The commissioner had said that he had never seen a commission conducted as the present one was. He would ask the commission if there were any dissensions; if there were not the public mind should be disabused of the rumor that there was.

Mr. Higgins said he did not refer to the actions of the commission yesterday but to the chairman. He had spoken to Mr. Armstrong about the questions put by the chairman to witnesses.

Mr. Armstrong said he understood Mr. Wilmot was putting too many questions, but at the time he did not know that Mr. Wilmot had to learn all he could about the habits of the fish.

Mr. Wilmot said he would explain why he had asked so many questions. It was because representations had been made to the Government that the habits of the fish on this coast were not known. The Government wanted to know all they could about the salmon of the Pacific coast and therefore they deemed it advisable to ask the questions.

Mr. Higgins said it seemed to him that Mr. Wilmot was on trial and on the defensive. (Applause.)

Mr. Wilmot said he felt it was necessary to remove from the Board of Trade rooms as they were private. There was evidence of it here as it was not usual to applaud or create any sensation outside of a commission. When they moved from Westminster they understood that they were to meet in a public place.

Mr. Higgins said the board room was as public as the city hall. The commissioners did not object to applause from the other side at New Westminster. He had seen by the papers that Mr. Wilmot had been loudly applauded at New Westminster.

Mr. Armstrong objected to sitting in the board of trade room and his objections were recorded.

Mr. A. W. Smith, M.P.P., was called. Had resided here for 31 years and was general trader. His information would refer to the Fraser River at Lillooet. In the spring about May or June there is a large silvery salmon at that point but they are not very numerous. The Indians catch them with scoop nets. They weigh from 12 to 16 pounds, possibly some larger and some smaller. The same species come along in September, they being a little larger. The color is a pink, the same in the fall as in the spring. There is also another larger fish, the meat of which is always white, weighing 20 to 40 pounds. They come up in September and October. In shape they resemble the others but they are darker and their flesh is very fat and oily. They are only eaten by the Indians except on rare occasions. The white meat fish are rank, while the red meated ones are fine flavored. The white meated ones and the black ones run about the same time. The shape and appearance changes. Perhaps the people coming from up the country do not like to eat the white meated fish here as it is never eaten up there. The bodies are held together. He had never seen any loose ones. The sockeyes pass Lillooet about August. They vary, being generally dark by silvery side. He thought they went to the lakes and streams. They run in great abundance shortly after their first appearance, the backs being seen out of the water. They are caught even with pitchforks and sticks. Lillooet is about 200 miles from the mouth of the river. There are rapid currents the worst canyons being between Yale and Lillooet. Their flesh is very red and they weigh from seven to ten pounds. He had noticed the eggs in the sockeye, they hung together like those of the spring salmon. The people have a preference for the spring salmon; the Indians prefer the sockeye for drying. The opinion prevails that they spawn in the lakes and streams. Hundreds of thousands of the salmon are found dead, the streams being so full that they lay on the beach dead. They go up the small streams in such numbers that they die there. A great many dead ones pass down past Lillooet late in the year. Last year a great many strayed up the river until they were killed by the cold. He never saw a salmon go down the river head formost, they generally tried to get up again.

Mr. Wilmot explained that salmon never went down stream head foremost.

Mr. Smith continuing, said, the streams were full of dead and live ones late in the season. He thought the fish had deposited their spawn. The fish as a rule are disfigured late in the season.

Mr. Wilmot said the eggs taken to Ontario had produced the same fish as those in the Fraser.

Mr. Smith—The humpbacks which pass up are also white-meated, the outside appearance is not silvery, and they come later, after the best of the sockeye run. The Indians are the only ones to use the humpbacks when they cannot get any other. They are not exhausted when they get up the river like the other salmon. He is not acquainted with the names of the salmon. The Indians have their own names for them. There is always a difference in the runs of sockeyes. They vary considerably—sometimes heavy runs, sometimes light. It is the same up there as on the lower Fraser. Witness had often seen salmon that had been marked by passing through nets. Had never noticed a fungoid growth on the salmon. Fish not considered perfectly healthy are thrown away. Many young fish came down from the lakes. They came from Seaton Lake. The Indians catch them in baskets and scoops; they dry the fish and eat them. The fish are not more than 2½ inches long. They differ in size at different seasons. Indians use them as food. In October in Seaton Lake the fish are about six or eight inches long. They become inflated and rise to the surface. Hundreds of thousands of them float on the surface. The Indians fill their canoes with them. He had always thought they were salmon fry that had failed to pass through the lakes early enough in the season. Harrison Lake is connected with Seaton Lake by a stream half a mile long. Witness said these fish are filled with wind; they cannot sink, and they lie there until the cold weather kills them.

Mr. Wilmot said this was very interesting, and if there was a place in Westminster or Victoria where they could be preserved and thoroughly examined, the public would be benefitted in this department of science.

Witness—These fish are very much like young salmon trout, dark colored and the same shape. He sometimes goes angling in the streams around Lillooet. Never saw salmon returning from the waters; in witness' opinion they die; the common belief is that they keep on swimming as far as they can go; they never swim down stream. Indians themselves wonder what becomes of them. In the clear water streams the salmon are never seen returning. He has lived 31 years at Lillooet. They all appear making efforts to go up. The runs are quite as large now as they have been in former times. He noticed no difference in the numbers. He believed that in one mile of the Fraser during the sockeye run, one could find more fish than had been turned out of the hatchery since it was built. The effect of the dead fish in the water is that people living on the small creeks and rivers never use the water during the season when the dead fish are coming down. Salmon in all stages of decomposition can be seen floating down. Nobody thinks of using the water up there. From what he had seen of the salmon floating down stream he never ate salmon. He had seen mill wheels stopped by dead and live salmon drifting into them. He did not know how the dead fish and polluted water affected the health of the people. He never heard of anyone complaining of being sick from these causes. The cold weather puts an end to the nuisance. Many animals eat the salmon, even cattle eat them. The flesh is affected thereby and sale made impossible. Hogs also are very fond of salmon; some people cook salmon and feed them to hogs.

Mr. Wilmot said he had seen a herd of cows eat a canoe load of salmon in a day. The salmon weighed from 35 to 40 pounds each, and were caught by himself.

Judge O'Reilly, sworn, has lived here since 1859. He did not know that he had very much information valuable to the enquiry. On the offal question he had had no opportunity of judging. When he lived on the Fraser many years ago there were very few canneries. He could not speak as to offal's injurious effects on health. Had heard divers opinions on it. Some said it was injurious some that it was not. He had heard that sawdust was injurious, but he could not say from his own experience. He warned the commissioners that his evidence must be taken as purely heresay. He believed that Sunday should be observed, even in fishing business. He thought persons emigrating here to live should be entitled to a license. In the course of his travels in the interior he had been told that some streams were now deserted which formerly were populous with salmon. The Indians, he had been told, were in the habit of killing vast numbers of them. The cause assigned for the depletion of the salmon was the net fishing in the lower river. He would not favor issuing licenses to individual fishermen to the injury of the cannerymen. It would not be judicious to make a monopoly on either side. He had never seen the operation of wheel fishing on the Columbia. Had seen immense quantities of fish ascending the Lillooet river in August. He saw many dead salmon in the river all the way down. He saw the spawning beds and the fish when they were returning as spent fish. Had seen immense numbers of dead and dying salmon passing down the Fraser.

J. H. Todd, a Canadian; merchant and salmon canner has been in this Province 30 years and in the cannery business 10 years; have two canneries on the Fraser, the Richmond and Beaver, on the main river, with an output of from 10,000 to 20,000 cases a year. The business had not been very prosperous in the past and promised to be still less so in the near future because of over production on account of the Alaska canneries, and the restrictions being placed upon the industry. Most of those who had embarked in the business had gone by the board. He could give names if they were wanted. Erroneous ideas were held by some members of the Government with regard to this industry, and the statements they made about it were not just to the canners. He hoped they would better inform themselves and not make any more statements so calculated to annoy and injure those in the business. On the Columbia River no restrictions were placed upon the fishing. Witness read a letter from a Columbia River packer bearing out this statement. He hoped as few restrictions as possible would be placed on the fishing on the B. C. streams.

Mr. Armstrong refused to admit it is

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letter and an accompanying bill of the American congress as evidence.

Mr. Higgins said they should be admitted.

Mr. Armstrong would not hear of it, but allowed them to go in as information. This letter was merely hearsay evidence, he said, and could not be accepted as an official document as it was not signed by any Government official. Mr. Higgins could not see what there was to prevent them going in. They were eventually taken as evidence.

Witness said that some remark had been made yesterday that some one would not take the agency even if there was a good commission attached to it. The agent did the business of the canneries and often furnished the means to run the business, and if it does not pay he does not get his money back. He wished this to be clearly understood. Great diversity of opinion existed as to the offal question. Practical men asserted that no bad results followed when thrown into the river. The Fraser is so cold and the current so strong that the offal quickly disappears. That most of the salmon die after spawning, was shown by the vast numbers strewn along the shores after the season, yet there is no bad result therefrom. The two said to be easy methods proposed by the Government, viz., to bury in pits or sink in perforated boxes in the river, are impracticable. In the one case the soft, slimy mud prevents the pit system being followed. In the other the accumulation of offal would be so great as to cause a stench perfectly unendurable.

Mr. Wilmot was not aware of the box method. Witness said it was so, nevertheless, and called upon Inspector McNab to corroborate his statement, who did so.

Witness objected to his statement being doubted; such schemes just showed the folly of the authorities at Ottawa in attempting to deal with this matter.

Mr. Armstrong asked if it were not possible that the representatives of the Province at Ottawa had not laid the matter properly before the Government.

Witness said the representations were unfortunately not given any attention.

Witness charged Mr. Wilmot with making the catch appear larger than was in accordance with the facts.

Mr. Wilmot said it was not his opinion, but the sworn statements of the cannerymen themselves.

Witness read figures and statistics respecting the average catches of the respective boats at the Richmond cannery in various seasons. Witness casually referred to having seen some statement in the matter in the newspapers. Mr. Wilmot asked witness if he believed what he read in the newspapers. Witness replied that he understood the statement in question was from the commission. Messrs. Armstrong and Wilmot said not a single statement authorized by the commission had ever appeared in any newspapers.

With respect to the close season, the witness said the present one he believed was about as nearly the correct thing as they could get. Mr. Todd put in as evidence a report from the Canners' Association. After offal is put in the river it is never seen again. Fishermen never complain of it getting into the nets. He lives at the cannery half his time, and drinks tea, coffee and other refreshments made with the water of the river and never suffered any ill-effects. If filters and purifiers were used there would be no danger. Typhoid fever is not peculiar to the Fraser River flats; it is to be found everywhere; in the mountains, in the cities as well as in the country. Fish offal does not, he thinks, cause it. In some of the dirtiest dens in Victoria, in the Chinese quarters there were no cases of typhoid fever.

The commission enquired why the Skeena River men were not present to give evidence to-day, as the commission wished to close business to-morrow afternoon. Mr. Rithet said he would apprise the Skeena men and tell them to come here at once. This was agreed to by the commissioners.

Mr. A. Ewen said the commission should go to the Skeena and take the evidence there.

Mr. Ward said the feeling of the canners was very strongly in favor of the commission visiting the localities themselves and seeing for themselves the work in progress. There would be no difficulty about getting the practical men to give their evidence. If the matter was taken up by the Government, results favorable to the industry were sure to be brought about. He would be in favor of adjourning the present commission for the purpose mentioned.

Mr. Wilmot said he believed the Dominion members for the Province had communicated with the Government on the matter, but the reply was not yet known. He was of the impression that the Department would not insist upon the regulations advised by the present commission being carried out in case it might interfere with the working of the canneries this year.

Mr. Higgins advocated working together harmoniously in this matter; it was one that vitally affected the interests of a large number of their fellow citizens.

Mr. Ward said that preparatory operations had already commenced in the northern canneries and would commence on the Fraser the end of next month.

Mr. Armstrong recommended that the board meet again at some stated time and come to some understanding as to how to proceed.

Mr. Ewen said it was a hardship for the canners not to know what they had to do. He said he had been threatened with fines repeatedly. Mr. Armstrong gave a lengthy explanation of the technicalities of the case.

Ashdown Green, sworn, has been 29 years in the province, is a civil engineer, a resident of Victoria. He had no special statement to volunteer. He is acquainted with the habits of the spring and cohoe salmon. He knows most of the British Columbia streams. The spring salmon enter the river at different periods. He knew the Cowichan river better than any other; it was a good place to study the salmon's habits. The Cowichan, 40 miles from here, is a favorable spot for salmon breeding. They go up to the lakes. They spawn about October; that is the universal spawning season on the coast. The spring salmon spawn in pairs. Witness then gave many details of the natural history of the salmon which he had observed. The same protection should be afforded here as in other countries. He had never seen white-fleshed salmon in the Cowichan. Had seen white-fleshed salmon from the Fraser. It is the habit of the salmon to feed in the sea and spawn in fresh water. He did not know of any fish that did not eat its own young. The northern trout eat the salmon ova voraciously; also the mountain trout and suckers. The loose surface eggs are those which are eaten. The rule to distinguish a trout and salmon is that the trout have nine rays in the anal fin, while the salmon have eleven There would be surer preservation of the salmon if the mountain trout were not preserved. The same trout can be netted by millions in the Fraser. He thought a great many salmon return after spawning. The dead ones seen floating in the river are nothing compared to those that go up. It is erroneous to suppose that the salmon invariably die after spawning. He had eaten them after they had spawned The spring salmon of British Columbia is identical with those of the British coast. The percentage of deaths in the salmon here is bound to be greater, because the the crowded state of the rivers bruises them and causes the fungoid growth which is invariably fatal. There are not a dozen streams in British Columbia where salmon could be angled for.

The commission adjourned for luncheon at 1 until 2:30.

A KNOWING DOG.

A True Account of Some Feats He Performed with Numbers.

A fat Skye terrier stood wagging his fuzzy tail on a Fifteenth street corner, writes a notorious liar in the Washington Star. He looked up at his master as much as to say: "Let us play at something."

"Bobby knows more than many a human being," said his owner, proudly, to the group of young men with whom he was talking. "Let me show you a few things that he can do. Bobby, go find a fire-plug."

The Skye terrier looked up and down the street for a moment before deciding which way to go. Then he saw a fire-plug opposite and started for it.

"Get on the fire-plug, Bobby," cried his master.

Bobby got up on the plug and sat there, still wagging his tail. Presently he returned and his master told one of the other young men to put down a nickel and a penny on the sidewalk.

"How many cents are there on the pavement, Bobby?" asked his owner.

Bobby barked six times.

His master picked up the copper penny and said: "Now, Bobby, how many cents are there?"

Bobby barked five times.

His owner picked up the nickel and put down the penny, saying: "How many cents are there now, Bobby?"

Bobby barked once.

His master picked up the penny and put down the nickel.

"Suppose I take two cents from that, Bobby," he said, "how many will be left?"

Bobby barked three times.

"Suppose I take one cent away, how many will be left?"

Bobby barked four times.

"Suppose I take four cents away, how many will be left?"

Bobby barked once.

"Suppose I take five cents away, how many will be left?"

Bobby looked up at his master, wagged his tail and was silent.

"That's correct, Bobby; nothing would be left," said the master. "You are a very good dog. Go into that shop and be careful to shut the door behind you, because the day is chilly. I will join you in a moment."

Bobby walked into the store on the corner, went behind the open door, pushed it to and was not seen again. His master, who was formerly an accountant in the treasury, went in presently to buy a necktie. Possibly he sought advice from Bobby in selecting the article.

WEAK IN THE KNEES.

A Physical Peculiarity That Handicaps Woman in the Race with Man.

The difference of weight in the brains of men and women has long been a source of deep interest to all who discourse of equality and rights, says the Medical Record, of New York. Those extra ounces remain more or less a stumbling block to the unwary. Metaphysical justice refuses to regard them other than iniquitous. Yet certain structural differences escape such close scrutiny, notably that of the knee.

The structure of the knee feminine constitutes in itself a permanent disability for many masculine pursuits. The knee joint in women is a sexual characteristic, as Dr. Ely Van de Warker long ago pointed out. Viewed in front and extended, the joint in but slight degree intercepts the gradual taper into the leg. Viewed in a semi-fixed position, the joint forms a smooth, ovate spheroid. The reason of this lies in the smallness of the patella in front and the narrowness of the articular surfaces of the tibia and femur, and which in man form the lateral prominences, and this is much more perfect as part of a sustaining column. Muscles designed to keep the body fixed upon the thighs in an erect position labor under the disadvantage of shortness of purchase owing to the short distance—compared to that of man—between the crest of the ilium and the great trochanter. A man has a much longer purchase in the leverage existing between the trunk and extremities than a woman. The feminine foot, comparatively speaking, is less able to sustain weight than that of man, owing to its shortness and the more delicate structure of the tarsus and the metatarsus. Women are not well constructed to stand many hours consecutively and every day. It is safe to affirm that they have instinctively avoided certain fields of skilled labor on purely anatomical grounds, in which the smaller quantity of brain substance proves less an adverse factor than the shallow pelvis, the peculiarity of the knee and the delicate nature of the foot. These, as parts of a sustaining column, undeniably leave something to be desired. Even the right to vote would not confer on womankind the right to be soldiers. Equality, it appears, is quite as much an affair of the knee as of brains.

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Will Likely Accept.

A Collingwood, Ont., dispatch says: Rev. Dr. Campbell of that place is likely to accept the call tendered him by the First Presbyterian church here.

Proposed Canoe Club.

A number of canoe enthusiasts have undertaken to form a club for the furtherance of their pet amusement. A meeting with this end in view will be held in a short time.

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Chas. Rattray and Son.

Chas. A. Rattray has been admitted into general merchandise, wharf and warehouse business, carried on by his father C. Rattray on Store street. The new firm will be known as Chas. Rattray & Son.

Produce and Commission.

Mr. Chas. P. Lowe, formerly of the firm of Lowe and Allice will shortly open a produce and commission business in Victoria. He is now in San Francisco making arrangements for securing a stock.

Another Druggist.

Mr. R. Atwood, who formerly carried on business as druggist on Government and Yates streets and also at one time had a similar business in Nanaimo, will shortly open a store in the Turner block, Douglas street.

Handsome Tile Work.

Messrs. H. J. Collins and O. Harsted, of Seattle, are registered at the Oriental Hotel. The object of their visit to Victoria is to undertake a contract they have for doing some handsome tile work in the residence of W. J. Galletly.

Shaving sets at Fox's.

Two More Degrees.

Sunset Lodge, No. 10, will meet at 8 o'clock this evening to have the ranks of Page and Esquire conferred on them by the D. D. Grand Chancellor, and Far West Lodge. All members of Sunset Lodge are requested to attend punctually.

The Deputy Attorney-General.

Mr. Arthur Gordon Smith, barrister-at-law, has been appointed Deputy Attorney-General, vice Henry A. Barton, resigned. Mr. Smith has been Acting Deputy Attorney-General for some time past and has made himself popular among the officers who have business to do with him.

Association Football.

Victoria and a team from the city districts will have a game together at the hill to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Victoria's eleven will be as follows: Goal, Lorimer; backs, Tonkes and Bullen; half-backs, Drake, Martin and Perkins; forwards, Selkirk, Spring, Goward, Bennett and Allan.

The Largest Yet Reported.

Mr. Collins, owner of the schooner Sea Lion, last evening received a letter from the captain of that vessel, stating that the schooner had a catch of 237 seals. This is the largest catch yet reported, although the Sea Lion lost some time having had to put in here for repairs after having been out for a few weeks.

Mr. Baillie-Grohman's Petition of Right.

The application of the Attorney-General for an order to set aside the petition of right of W. A. Baillie-Grohmen, on the ground that it does not disclose any grounds of action against Her Majesty the Queen, was refused with costs in Chambers this morning. It is believed that when this case comes to be tried light will be thrown upon the Lands and Works Department affairs.

Committed for Trial.

Last Monday the TIMES gave a detailed account of the proceedings taken against John Clarke, of Nicola Valley, charged with defrauding the insurance company of which Messrs. Robert Ward & Co. are the general agents for this province. Mr. Hussey, Superintendent of Provincial Police, conducted the investigation before Judge Spinks, of Kamloops, with the result that the prisoner was committed for trial. He is now out on his own bond for $5000 and two sureties of $2500 each.

Wouldn't Take the Change.

Yesterday a Chinaman went into Wilson's bakery on Yates street to buy ten cents' worth of bread. He tendered a 25 cent piece and the clerk gave him back a nickel and an American dime. John refused to take the change, saying, "Milican money no good now." The clerk thereupon threw John out, and he went down the street at a lively rate. A passer-by met John and thinking he had been stealing something, tripped him up and was holding him for the police, when matters were explained. Hereafter the Chinaman in question will accept American money.

The Athletic Club.

At a meeting of the athletic club held last evening the following officers were elected: President, T. Baker, (re-elected); Ed. Gilligan, vice-president; George Wilby, treasurer; Thomas W. Jones, secretary; C. T. Wriglesworth, financial secretary; H. P. Mellish, captain; F. P. Gouge, James Wilby, J. H. Close, J. W. Weiler, and H. Fiterre directors. The club numbers over 200 members and additions to the membership are being made every day. Arrangements are being made for a series of competitions in boating, baseball, etc., and the season will undoubtedly be one of great activity.

Struck by a Street Car.

About 11 o'clock this morning Mr. Wm. Williams, father of Mr. R. T. Williams, was struck by a street car while attempting to cross the track at crossing of Douglas and Johnson streets. He is slightly deaf and did not notice or hear the car coming. The conductor applied the brakes but not in time to prevent the accident, and the old man was knocked down and rolled along in front of the wheels for several yards. Mr. Williams was unconscious when picked up and was carried into Mr. Maynard's store. It was thought at first that he was killed, but he recovered shortly, and was taken home in a cab. A severe bruise on the head was the worst injury received.

Table mats at Fox's.

Clearance Sale of Furs.

Capes, Dolmans, Boas, Collars, Victorias, etc., in every variety of Fur, reduced to cost at the City House. *

Just Arrived.

Queen olives, sauerkraut, German salt pickles and mixed pickles in bulk, at Watson & Hall's, 55 Yates street. *

Held Over Till Monday.

The Marboeuf case was again enlarged at the police court this morning till Monday, to allow the court time to examine authorities.

Cricket Club Meeting.

The Albion cricket club will hold a meeting in the City Hall on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. The management committee will present their report.

The Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel will be re-opened on March 1st. Rooms by the day, week, or month. Per night 50c. and upwards. Offices to rent. GEO. ASHTON, prop. *

A Legal Removal.

Yates & Jay to-day vacated their quarters on Langley street and will in future occupy offices in the same building as the firm of Drake, Jackson & Helmcken.

A Large Panther.

Peter, a Saanich Indian, this morning brought to town a large panther measuring six feet from tip to tip, and claimed the $5 bounty from the Provincial government.

Sheriff's Sale.

The sheriff's sale which was to have taken place this morning at Dr. Bergman's Medico Electric Institute did not come off, the deputy-sheriff, who has had all the duties of the sheriff's office on his shoulders since Mr. McMillan's illness, being engaged in the County court. The sale will take place at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Quick Work.

At 9 o'clock this morning the ever vigilant Officer Abel arrested a man for stealing tools from the new Driard building. At 10:30 the man was sentenced to five months in the provincial jail, and at 12:30 he was wearing the prison jewels, viz., the shackles. This was truly quick work on the part of the justice mill.

The Honest John Enquiry.

The select committee on decapitation will hold its next meeting on Monday, at 10:30 a.m. Much surprise is expressed that Mr. Kellie, the member for Kootenay West, was put on oath when giving evidence before his committee, while Dr. Pope's bare word is accepted by the school committee. Of course there are persons whose word is every whit as good as their oath, and this is one of them.

An Attractive Play.

The Imperial Theatre was well filled last night to see the society comedy drama, "Divorce" played by the stock company with the star, Mr. Arthur Forrest, as leading man. The play is a story of love, revenge and retribution, and winds up with the reunion of two who, in spite of cruel fate, really loved one another. Mr. Forrest as Harry Grantly made a deep impression on the audience by his finished acting. In fact he is too strong a man for the surroundings and support, the contrast is sometimes terribly apparent. Mr. George Berry raised many a hearty laugh with his drolleries. Miss Esther Lyons played a strong part as Florence Grantly and made a very good leader with Mr. Forrest. Miss Belle Inman's rendering of the unpleasant role of Blanche Sterling deserved praise. This play will be put on again to-night; a matinee and evening performance to-morrow.

Well Put On.

The Victoria Theatre curtain rolled up last night on the romantic drama, "The Danites," to a fairly good house. The leading role, "Sandy Magee," was ably sustained by Mr. C. G. Craig. Miss Mattie Earle as "Nanpy Williams" and "Billee Piper," won the good opinion of the audience, while Miss Lingham's acting of the widow often gained her applause. Some admirers presented her with a beautiful basket of flowers in the third act; the gift was gracefully acknowledged. The support, as a whole, was good; the scenery, the finest ever seen in the Victoria TLeatre; the piece representing the heart of the Sierras especially winning Mr. Buchan, the artist, great praise. The flickering of the lights rather spoiled the effect, as some times the house would be plunged in darkness and again flooded with light. The audience thoroughly enjoyed the excellent presentation of the drama, and there is likely to be a large crowd present this evening to see it repeated.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Renewing Youth.

A Central American newspaper tells of a man living in Sau Paulo, Brazil, who is considerably over a hundred years old and who is growing young again. He has recently grown a new set of teeth, and his hair, which had turned gray, is now almost black again. He is in active business as a horse trader, and occasionally he rides over ten leagues in a day. He has been married three times, is now a widower, and is quite wealthy. The paper casually remarks in the course of its story that the old man suffered greatly at one time with a tumor, "but this was cured by being gored by an ox."

The delicious fragrance, refreshing coolness and soft beauty imparted to the skin by *Pozzoni's Powder*, commends it to all ladies.

Fresh crumpets daily at Henry Clay's, 39 Fort street. *

Drink Johnson's pure teas and coffees.

WOMAN'S MISERIES!

Sore hands, raw fingers, cracked skin! What pain and misery many women suffer through the use of injurious soaps and powders!

These troubles don't exist where "SUNLIGHT" SOAP is used. On the testimony of eminent scientists IT CANNOT INJURE THE MOST DELICATE SKIN.

Soap which hurts the skin MUST HURT THE CLOTHES, hence it should be avoided. "SUNLIGHT" has been awarded 6 Gold Medals and other honors for purity and excellence.

Let this induce you to try it next washday, and for all domestic purposes.

REMEMBER THE NAME, "SUNLIGHT."

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IN THE KOOTENAY LAKE DISTRICT

(NELSON, B.C.) AS SOON AS THE SEASON OPENS IN THE SPRING OF 1892.

VICTORIA, B.C., 10th Dec., 1891. WM. C. WARD, Manager.

CARPETS :—

—: CARPETS

Two carloads of Latest Designs, just arrived direct from England.

BEAUTIFUL RUGS TO MATCH.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

The Dominion Government to be Urged to Establish a Lazaretto in B. C.

A Batch of Private Bills Introduced and Receive Their Second Reading.

Hon. Mr. Davie's Municipal Bill Severely Criticised by the Opposition.

THURSDAY, March 3, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Horne presented a petition from the ratepayers of Surrey asking that certain debentures issued be made valid.

Mr. Cotton presented a petition from the Trades and Labor Council of Vancouver against the employment of Chinese and Japs in mines under ground.

Mr. Martin presented the report of the committee on standing orders and private bills reporting that the standing rules had been complied with in the bill to incorporate Coquitlam Electric Light Company.

By permission of the House the standing rules were suspended and on motion of Col. Baker the second report of the standing committee on railways was adopted.

Mr. Horne moved the following resolution:—That whereas the disease of leprosy exists in this Province and is confined to the Mongolian race; and whereas the Dominion Government refuses to exclude that race from the Province; and whereas a lazaretto for the care of lepers is maintained at Tracadie, N.S.; be it therefore resolved, that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor requesting him to urge upon the Dominion Government the duty of caring for leperous Chinese, either by removing them to the lazaretto at Tracadie, or by establishing and maintaining a like establishment in this Province.

In speaking to the motion Mr. Horne said it had been demonstrated for some time that a lazaretto similar to that at Tracadie was needed in British Columbia. There was no doubt that it was desirable that the spread of this loathsome and fatal desease should be prevented, and he did not think the cities should be put to the expense of maintaining these just because Vancouver and Victoria were made dumping grounds for diseased Chinamen. The whole country was benefited by the precautionary measure adopted by these cities and as matter of justice the Dominion Government should maintain a lazaretto.

Mr. Cotton also supported the resolution. He said Vancouver and Victoria received no benefit from the leprous Chinese and the Dominion Government received the head tax on them, and it should in justice take care of these unfortunates and protect the public from the spread of the desease.

Mr. Beaven, who seconded the motion gave the Dominion Government credit for giving Darcy Island to be occupied by the lepers, when the City of Victoria first moved for the establishment of a lazaretto. But the Dominion Government did not go far enough. It said this matter was a purely municipal one, yet the City of Victoria and later the City of Vancouver went to the expense of caring for these people, whereas if they had taken the same stand as the Dominion Government these lepers would still be at large. The Dominion Government should take a broader view of the matter, and do that which if there was no provision made for, would certainly be right. The maintenance of these lepers was a considerable burden upon the city, while to the Dominion Government it would be comparatively nothing. The Dominion Government got the $50 tax and they should provide for the leprous Chinese.

Hon. Mr. Robson congratulated the mover of the motion, on taking the step he did. He claimed that as the Dominion Government refused to exclude Chinese from coming to British Columbia and accepted the $50 tax it was only right that it should provide for the leprous Chinese. If the Dominion Government refused to take up this matter and provide a lazaretto, the Provincial Government would be obliged to take the step, as it was not right to ask the municipalities to provide such an institution.

Dr. Milne also spoke in favor of the resolution. He pointed out that it was necessary even at present to have some one to look after the lepers and prevent them from leaving the island.

RETURNS BROUGHT DOWN.

Hon. Mr. Vernon presented the returns asked for by Mr. Beaven, showing the number of crown grants issued during the year, the names to whom the patents were issued during 1891. The total amount received during the year for these lands was $143,000.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Mr. Eberts introduced a bill to amend the British Columbia University Amendment Act, 1891," which was received and read a first time.

Hon. Mr. Turner introduced a bill to amend the Game Protection Act, which was received and read a first time.

Mr. Eberts introduced a bill to incorporate the Coquitlam Electric Co., which was read a first time and referred to the private bills committee.

Mr. Martin presented a bill to incorporate the North Vancouver Electric Company, Limited, which was received and read a first time.

Mr. Nason introduced a bill to amend the Liquor License Regulation Act, 1891, which was received and read a first time.

Mr. Cotton asked the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works the following questions:—

Has the Government, under the provisions of section 87 of the "Land Act," as amended by section 7 of the "Land Act Amendment Act, 1891," granted, or promised conditionally to grant, any tracts or pieces of land to any individuals or corporations? If so, to what individuals or corporations have such grants been made or promised? What are the amounts of such tracts or pieces of lands? Where are the said tracts situated, and what are the purposes of public advantage for which such grants were made or conditionally promised?

Hon. Mr. Vernon answered that the Government had granted no lands, nor promised to grant any lands under the provisions of the section referred to.

HON. MR. DAVIE'S MUNICIPAL BILL.

Hon. Mr. Davie in moving the second reading of his bill to amend the Municipal Act outlined its provisions. The bill would apply to all municipalities in the Province. The third section was to amend section 92 of the Municipal Act of 1891 and provided that no debt might be contracted or moneys expended by any committee unless sanctioned by the Council. It might be said this was already provided; but if there was the rule was more honored in the breach than the observance. Section 4 amended the law that no bonus in the way of exemption from water rates could be granted. The report of the Royal Commission to enquire into the affairs of the corporation of Victoria showed the necessity of this. All bonuses ought to be cash, and then the ratepayers would know what they were granting. The sixth clause provided that improvements should not be taxed at a higher rate than 50 per cent. of their value. This step was suggested in the House by Mr. Beaven some time ago, and some of the cities observed this rule already. It should, however, be made obligatory upon all councils. If improvements were taxed to their full value drones would be encouraged, and while the enterprising man paid to improve his property—the drone would profit thereby. The seventh clause limited the power to incur liability to the current year, and also limited the amount possible to be raised by loan to the amount of the real estate tax of the previous year. Provision was also made that no by-law should be submitted to the people granting together two or more subjects of expenditure. The bill introduced into the House by the leader of the Opposition to make valid a by-law to raise $370,000 to make good expenditures of previous years showed there was necessity to limit the amount of liability which municipalities might incur. The commission report before the House made a strong recommendation in this direction. Then it was seen by the voting on the by-law for the extension of the Ross Bay cemetery and the improvement of certain streets that subjects should not be grouped together. Persons might want to vote for one and not the other, and they would be placed in a quandary as to what course to pursue. He proposed in committee to amend section 8 that a by-law could only pass by three-fifths majority of the votes cast. This would be the cause of awakening a greater interest in voting, and and it was only just. Section 9 worked a change which was suggested by the report of the Royal Commission before the House. It was the appointing of an auditor by the Lieutenant-Governor and this he considered as one of the most important changes suggested in the bill. It was necessary that the auditor should be absolutely independent, and this was the only way in which an independent auditor could be attained. Ontario was considering the advisability of taking this step, but he thought British Columbia should lead Ontario. If this step was not taken gross over-expenditures not sanctioned by law would follow, resulting in the bankruptcy of the municipalities. He was glad there was no fear of over-expenditure in Victoria, at least for a year, while the Leader of the Opposition was mayor of the city, in which position he regarded him as the proper man in the proper place. Section 11 provided a Board of Commissioners to issue liquor license and have control of the police. Section 21 provided for the appointment of police magistrate by the Lieutenant-Governor. British Columbia was the only province where the vicious system of the municipality appointing police magistrates was recognized. This was distinctly appointing a magistrate to raise revenues. The speaker cited two cases of assault which came before the magistrate for Victoria where $50 and $75 fines were imposed, and where he considered a whipping and imprisonment should have been imposed. This was placing a premium upon crime, and the way to prevent a possibility of such decisions was to appoint a magistrate as proposed in the bill. The bill also provided that municipal elections should not be voided for non-compliance of rules of proceedure of any statute, and was a move in the right direction advocated by the highest authorities.

Mr. Beaven while acknowledging that there were some features in the bill commendable, stated there were other features detrimental to the extension of municipal rights which he could not understand the Attorney-General's object in bringing in; features which would almost drive municipalities to give up their rights of Government. He would be recreant to his record if he allowed these infringements upon responsible government to go unopposed. The Attorney-General's legal mind had led him astray. He did not trust the people. It was well known that the practice of law contracted the mind, and that the ablest judges in the land were not to be depended upon as legislators. Their practice was not to place confidence in anyone or thing, but to place barriers to guard against crime. He admitted there were abuses in municipal government, but they also existed in the Dominion Government. The disclosures at Ottawa and Quebec were enough to make a Canadian blush. The Attorney-General was not right when he proposed to place municipal government under the control of the Provincial Government instead of the people. As the law stood at present no debt could be contracted by committee without the sanction of the Council. The limitation clause, however, was necessary. The proposition to take away the power of municipalities to bonus was wrong. This power should be left in the hands of the people, where it was safe. He agreed with the limiting to 50 per cent, of taxes on improvements; but did not think it was necessary to make this statutory. The clause anticipating a temporal loan for revenue was right in principle. Sec. 7 was also a wise provision. While he believed in all necessary checks to ensure good municipal government; the appointment of an auditor by the Provincial Government he looked upon as an infringement upon municipal rights. It was advanced that the city auditor was a servant of the corporation; what was the auditor of the Provincial Government but the servant of the Government. There was no way by which an auditor could be made more independent. The report of the commissioners had shown the necessity of a check on municipal expenditures, but the appointment of an auditor by the Government would not ensure this. What would the Province think if a bill were brought into the Dominion House to appoint an auditor to enquire into the acts of the Province? The House would rise as a man and resent the innovation.

Mr. Davie suggested that it would have been well had an investigation been appointed to enquire into the affairs of the Quebec Legislature.

Mr. Beaven said he thought there was much more need to appoint an auditor to enquire into the affairs of the Dominion House, where more stealing was done than at Quebec. If such a proposition was made it would be necessary to enlarge the penitentiary at Kingston. The real remedy in such matters was in the hands of the people. With regard to the proposition to hand the granting of licenses over to a licensing board of a judge, the police magistrate and the mayor, he advised that this clause be dropped. The present system was working satisfactorily. The proposition to make licenses a vested right was totally wrong, and was at present causing considerable trouble in England. He could not see that the appointing of police magistrates by the government would be in the interests of the administration of justice. The attorney-general cited cases where a police magistrate in a city imposed a fine in cases of assault. This gentleman would not have to go far out of his own department to find that the same thing was done. The case he referred to was one of assault held at Westminster where a fine was imposed.

The Attorney-General said this was not so, and explained that damages to the extent of $200 were imposed.

Mr. Beaven said there was very little difference. The principle of the bill was to take away power from one municipal council and put in the hands of one a little larger. This should be resisted. The true remedy was with the people. If the people were corrupt the government would be corrupt also.

Mr. Brown said, Hon. Mr. Davie's bill, if not brought in as a Government measure, certainly shadowed the policy of the Government. He had hoped that the Government was beginning to learn what responsible government meant, but this bill was certaintly one of the black age. It should be placed in the museum as a curiosity, only it would be degrading that institution. It was against popular government and if put on the statutes would cause a revolution. There were some few good provisions in the act, but the majority were bad. It was proposed to take the power out of the hands of the municipality with regard to the granting of licenses and the management of the police. This was a centralization of power which should not be tolerated. Then it was intended that this law should apply to all cities, irrespective of their charters. If an attempt were made to enforce it a crop of law suits would spring up in Westminster which would result in the expenditure of large sums of money. The bill was formed from the findings of a royal commission, and it might be called legislation for Victoria city. It was proposed to remove the powers from the cities to the Government, to reduce municipalities to the rank of banks and make the auditor inspector and Government spy. The Government had sufficient powers without. If he were a city officer and this Government auditor came around sticking his nose into the city's business, he would like to be there too and would make it lively for the auditor. The proposition to make licenses a vested right was also an absurdity; as was also that to make the mayor play second fiddle on a board to conduct civic business. He hoped if the bill became law the mayors would not recognize it. The appointment of a police magistrate by the Government, who was to stipulate the salary of the officer, and the proposition to take control of the police was autocratic and retrograde in the extreme.

Mr. Grant advanced the opinion that instead of curtailing the powers of municipalities as proposed by Hon. Mr. Davie's bill, the powers should be extended. Many a good man had refused to act as mayor or councilor because they were hampered by the conditions of the municipal act. If all the people were embued with the same feelings as he was with regard to the appointment of a Government auditor, were the powers proposed placed in such an officer's hands and he came to inspect the city's affairs he woulk kick the auditor out of the city. If a corporation could not conduct its own affairs it should not exist. This bill provided a punishment for derelict municipal officers, but no penalty was provided for the auditor if he did wrong. Who was going to look after the auditor and attorney-general? He also opposed the proposed change in the license system, and objected that the municipalities only should have power to appoint a police magistrate. The idea that the Government should appoint such an officer and name what salary he was to get was preposterous With regard to the expenditure above revenues, and for which it was necessary to bring in a bill to make these expenditures valid, no irregularity had occurred and no boodling had been done. The rapid growth of the City of Victoria had necessitated the expenditures. He thought his opinion on civic matters was just as good as that of the Lord Chief Justice or any of the commissioners. They made mistakes even though they did their best. It was a source of satisfaction to know that these commissioners after having all the evidence had not accused any one of taking a dollar out of the public coffers.

On motion of the Government the debate was adjourned till the next meeting of the House.

By permission of the House the standing rules were suspended and on motion of Hon. Mr. Robson it was decided to expunge from the records of the House the evidence taken before the select committee to enquire into the charges brought against Mr. Barnard, M.P., by the member for West Kootenay.

The House adjourned at 6 o'clock.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Kellie—That, whereas the settlement and development of the districts within the railway belt are retarded by the action of the Dominion Government in withdrawing these lands from settlement and purchase; therefore, be it resolved, that the Lieutenant-Governor be asked to call the attention of the Dominion Government to the injury done to the province by such withdrawal, and to ask them to take such action as will throw them open to settlement.

Mr. Kellie—That the Lieutenant-Governor be asked to make a return of the applicants for lands at or near Slocan Lake or River, and the amount of area of each and all applications which have appeared in the British Columbia Gazette.

Mr. Semlin—To ask the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works: Have the Government, under the provisions of section 170 of the Land Act, granted, or promised to grant aid to any railway or tramway company, incorporated under the authority of the Provincial Legislature since January 1, 1891? If so, what companies, and what are the amounts of the grants?

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Moving Quickly.

The sale of goat rugs at the Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Co.'s store can only last a few days longer, as the quantity is limited and they are being sold quickly. Persons not having secured some already had better send in their orders or call and select the number wanted before they are all gone.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

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Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.

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2 Cases New Corsets

Crompton's Coraline and Yatisi. Also the new French makes D. & A., Perfect Fitting Corsets.

J. Horner & Co.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land at Barclay Sound, commencing at the post northeast corner of James McKay's lot near Pachena Bay; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement.

GEO. A. HUFF.

Dated at Alberni, this 11th day of January, 1892. ja15-2m

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.

Victoria Sept. 2, 1891. se2-tf

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL, Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of our license to sell intoxicating liquor at the "Mirror" Saloon, Yates street, corner Broad, to James Munger and Alexander G. Black.

W. R. MUNGER. JAMES MUNGER.

fe2-td

THE "MUNICIPAL ACT, 1891."

Notice to all whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that I, Andrew Rusta of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to make application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at their sitting in March next, for the transfer from William Somerville to myself of the liquor license of the premises situate at the corner of Store and Discovery streets in the said city.

Dated at Victoria this 30th day of January, A.D., 1892.

ja30-1m ANDREW RUSTA.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of Low & Alice, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Alice, who will collect all debts due the firm, and pay all liabilities.

Dated the 17th February, 1892.

CHARLES P. LOW. THOMAS H. ALICE.

fe18-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for permission to transfer the license held by me to sell liquors at the premises known as the Gordon Hotel to George Dougherty.

CHARLES BREWSTER.

Victoria, 30th January, 1892. fe1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license to sell liquor by retail held by me in respect of the premises known as the Railroad Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, to the new building and premises known as the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Milne Block, Johnson street, Victoria.

Dated at Victoria this 13th day of February, 1892.

fe14 JOHN BEGG.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on the south shore of Nahmint bay, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the shore of Alberni canal; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the Nahmint river; thence meandering east along the shore to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

H. R. McINTYRE.

January 30th, 1892. febl

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer of the license to sell beer, porter and ale with meals on the premises known as Steitz Restaurant, Yates street, from George Steitz and John Pelletier to George Schmith.

WALKER, PEMBERTON & DUMBLETON, Solicitors for George Schmith.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1892. feb-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situate on the south shore of Sarita Lake, Barclay Sound, Alberni District:—Commencing at a post at head of lake joining W. Braden's claim; thence east 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north along lake shore to place of commencement; containing 160 acres, more or less.

G. C. SAUER.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 20th, 1892. ja20-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situate on the north side of Uchucklesit Harbor, Barclay Sound:—Commencing at a post adjoining Josiah Jaques' claim, in Gunboat Harbor; thence north 20 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east along the shore to the place of commencement; containing 160 acres, more or less.

JAMES O'NEILL.

Victoria, B.C., 12th Jan., 1892. ja12

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 90 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Logan Creek an Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound and about 3 miles from mouth of inlet on east side. Commencing at a post joining N. E. corner of Indian reserve; thence east 70 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 20 chains to place of commencement, containing 630 acres more or less.

F. McQUILLAN, T. J. BURNS, JR.

December 30, 1891. jan5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 90 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Logan Creek, Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound, Alberni district. Commencing at a post joining N. E. corner post of F. McQuillan and T. J. Burns' claim; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

FRED WIDDOWSON.

December 30, 1891. jan5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, and more particularly described as follows:—Beginning at the northeast corner of the land purchased by Beaumont Boggs, being Section 78; thence along the line of the said land in a westerly direction 40 chains; thence in a northerly direction 40 chains, more or less, to the line of the Indian Reserve; thence easterly along the line of said Indian Reserve about 40 chains to the shore line; thence along the said shore line to the point of commencement; containing in all 160 acres, more or less.

W. D. McGREGOR.

Victoria, B.C., January 16th, 1892. ja22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 90 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Logan Creek, Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound, Alberni district. Commencing at a post joining the N. E. corner post of F. Widdowson's claim; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

MORRIS MOSS.

December 30, 1891. jan5

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a license to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner Government and Johnson Sts., Lots 1258 and 1259, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, 5th February, 1892. fe5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Nahmint river, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the river and about 1 mile west from Alberni canal, thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains along the bank of the river to place of commencement, containing about 160 acres more or less.

January 29, 1892. FRANK G NORRIS.

JOSEPH SEARS

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.

114 YATES STREET

SING :: KEE

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at Shortest Notice.

Contracts Taken.

24 HERALD STREET, - - - - VICTORIA, B.C.

f.15-3m

WING ON

Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU

All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.

No. 20 Cormorant street, - - Victoria, B.C

DUCK LUNG,

GROCERIES AND PROVISION.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

And contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Fisgard street, Victoria. P.O. Box 457. fe9-2m

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEPARATE AND BULK sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned addressed to John Robertson, Esq., up to Friday noon, the 4th day of March, 1892, for the erection and completion of a frame building on Blanchard street, for hall, etc., for the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society. Plans and specifications may be seen and any other information obtained by applying at the architects' office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDW'D McCOSKRIE & CO., Architects.

Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. f22-10

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to authorize the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow money on debentures or otherwise, for the purpose of paying off debts and liabilities incurred by previous Councils; and to replace money diverted from loan to ordinary revenue, and from the purpose named in the Gravel Pits Sale By-law; and to make good and to apply to water works purposes the income diverted from the water works which has been applied to revenue purposes; and to replace the revenue of 1892, used in payment of liabilities incurred by previous councils; to change certain debentures from currency to sterling, and to make principal and interest payable in England; and to permit the disposal of them at a rate below par; to provide funds by loan for the consolidation of the existing debt of the City; to write off certain accounts and change the estimated value of assets, without making the amount an expenditure chargeable out of annual revenue; to amend the Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873, and to adjust the account of the Victoria Water Works; to complete the cemetery purchase; to further define the city limits; to add to the voters' list the names of those persons who were within the extended limits, as contemplated by section 267 of the Municipal Act; to divide the municipality into wards prior to assessment; to extend the by-laws of the Corporation to the said extended limits; to deal with the assessment roll, 1891; to authorize the conveyance of the land to purchasers under the Gravel Pits Sale By-law; to repeal the "Victoria Municipal Ordinance, 1867," and the "Victoria Municipal Amendment Ordinance, 1869," and Sections 1, 2, 7, 8 and 9 of the "Fire Companies' Aid Ordinance, 1869," and to amend the "Fire Companies' Aid Amendment Act, 1871."

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

January 21st, 1892. ja22

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILLS

Self-Raising Patent Flour

Manufactured by the Hungarian Roller Process from the best Manitoba Hard Wheat for

BREAD, BISCUITS, PASTRY, ETC.,

Prepared on scientific chemical principles, and no deleterious substance used in its manufacture.

For the Housekeeper, Sportsman, Rancher, Mining Camp or Seafaring man it is a invaluable article for producing in a few minutes wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, etc. Only Cold Water is needed to be added, and, for convenience and wholesomeness,

IT -:- CANNOT -:- BE -:- SURPASSED.

ja18-tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

NATURE'S PAPER MAKERS

A Short Story of the Wasp and Its Habits.

An Industrious Insect That Builds with Infinite Skill and Does Not Live to Enjoy the Fruits of Its Labors.

"Wasps were the first paper-makers," said an entomologist to a writer for the Washington Star. "It is very interesting to study the ways of these fierce little insects. For the sake of a grab at the honey store a single individual will sometimes face a whole hive of bees, being in a fair combat a match for any three inhabitants of the apiary. Most of us have had experience of the fearlessness with which they will attack human beings.

"The wasp spends the winter in a torpid condition, and when spring arrives she hunts up some sort of sheltered spot appropriate for a nest. A mouse hole serves her purpose excellently. Having selected the retreat, she proceeds to lay within it the foundation of a home that is destined before long to afford quarters for a large and busy family. For this object earth will not serve her turn. The substance of which the walls and chambers of the house are to be composed must be none other than the finest paper, made of wood pulp, mixed with a sort of sizing, worked to a paste and finally spread into sheets.

"On any fine day in springtime you may catch sight of a wasp earnestly at work with its jaws upon an old fence paling or window frame. In this manner she gets together a bundle of wood raspings, which she carries into the hole she has selected, thereupon kneading it into paste and preparing it properly for her purpose. With this material she builds a sort of terrace, which she suspends horizontally, and not, like the combs of a beehive, in a vertical position. The terrace is a sort of hanging floor, secured to the roof by strong paper rods. It is circular, and is composed of an immense number of cells made of paper and almost of the same size and form as those of a honey-comb, each being a perfect hexagon. These cells, however, are never used as honey pots by wasps, as they are by bees, for wasps make no honey, and the cells are only utilized for nursery purposes—in other words, as rooms in which the young are reared.

"When the old lady wasp has completed a certain number of cells and deposited eggs in them she stops building in order to procure honey from the flowers wherewith to feed the young wormlike larvæ which have been hatched from the eggs. In a few weeks these little grubs become perfect wasps and lend their assistance in the extension of the edifice, forming another platform of cells suspended from the first by columns. So it continues, and by the end of summer the house—perhaps it might be better called a town—of hanging terraces is completed, and the descendants of the original foundress may number as many as thirty thousand.

"Scarcely has the nest arrived at completion through the labors of the youngest generation of its inhabitants, when the early frosts of autumn begin to thin their numbers. When November comes the wasp population is cut off by a pestilence. Of those abroad some fall far from their habitation; others crawl back to die, while those at home, lately so busy in the work of building, repairing, or keeping in order, are now sluggish and inactive. In a little while the city of terraces becomes a city of the dead. Its sole surviving dwellers are two or three females, on whom depends the perpetuation of the race. They pass the winter in a torpid state, and when the early warmth of spring awakens them they wander off, each on her own way, to found another colony."

THE LABOR OF ACTING.

Great Results Obtained Only by the Most Exact Discipline.

On first visiting a French theater an American will be struck by its smallness, says a writer in the Atlantic's contributor's club. True, the edifice holds a good many people, but somehow the architectural conformation enables the eager audience to cluster about the stage, tier above tier, at no great distance therefrom. Then can one note how important is the finish of the actor, the nuances coming into play admirably; not a shade of expression, not a single modulation in quality of tone failing to deliver its message. Is it strange that in France the art of acting should attain a polish unknown elsewhere?

When Sergeant Talfourd's play of Ion was in rehearsal the production was entrusted to the skillful hands of Macready, at once the ablest actor and most exacting manager on the British stage. He insisted upon having the "certain scenes," or picturesque grouping at the close of an act, carefully chalked, the position of each character accurately designated, and the last few effective movements clearly indicated by chalk lines drawn upon the flooring of the stage. So patiently and so painstakingly was the piece rehearsed that the leading lady, Miss Ellen Tree (afterwards Mrs. Charles Kean), was found, before the performance, to have contracted a serious disease of the knee-joint, caused by frequently falling upon her knees during rehearsals under the tutelage of the martinet manager.

Young and undisciplined actors, accustomed to rely upon the "beautiful spontaneities" of an artistic nature, were wont to regard Mr. Macready with something akin to terror, and to stigmatize as artificial his relentless accuracy and precision in details. There is undoubtedly something perilously fascinating about the effortless productiveness which we are accustomed to regard as genius, and which, as it vouchsafes no hint of toil, is seemingly the gift of heaven, but I fear the more we examine the matter, the more we shall be inclined to accept the homely assurance of Wirt that "there is no excellence without great labor."

STEPHANIE AND ELIZABETH.

The Bitter Feeling Existing Between Female Members of Austrian Royalty.

Much comment of a disagreeable nature was aroused by the departure of the widowed Crown Princess Stephanie from Vienna on the eve of the grand wedding of the Archduchess Louise to the heir-apparent of the throne of Saxony. Under ordinary circumstances it would have been her place and duty to represent and take the place of the absent Empress Elizabeth, who is at the present moment traveling in Egypt, and who has not sufficiently recovered as yet from the overwhelming sorrow which she sustained by the death of her only son to enable her to take part in such gay festivities as those connected with an imperial wedding. No such reason, however, can be put forward to account for the absence of the crown princess, who has never even made any great pretense of grief at the loss of her husband. The only explanation which is given for her absence is, says the New York Recorder, that her mother-in-law, the empress, absolutely refused to permit her to represent her, and that she (the crown princess) was unwilling to accept any place in in the processions and ceremonies which was inferior to that to which she is entitled. Accordingly, when she heard that it was the Archduchess Maria Therese, the beautiful sister-in-law of the emperor, who was to play the role of mistress of the house throughout the wedding festivities, she withdrew from Vienna until they were over.

The feeling between the empress and her daughter-in-law is of the most bitter nature, and, astonishing as it may appear, they have scarcely met since the tragedy of Meyerling. The empress has always disliked the crown princess from the very outset, and held that the unhappiness of her son's marriage and its disastrous termination were entirely owing to the disagreeable, sulky and jealous character of the crown princess. Moreover, the empress, like almost every other Austrian, has been deeply shocked by the flighty and altogether inappropriate behavior of Princess Stephanie since she became a widow, and one of the consequences thereof has been that the young woman is allowed scarcely any control of her little daughter, the archduchess Elizabeth. Not only has the crown princess been tactless enough to forget to make any manifestation of sympathy or regret when the chapel at Meyerling was consecrated and at the services held in memory of her dead husband, but she has cast mourning garments to the winds, decked herself in the gayest attire, and taken her seat every day for three weeks among the worthless women who spend their days at the gambling tables of Monte Carlo.

HIS SINGLE THOUGHT.

An Infant's Ruling Passion Was Strong When Death Was Near.

"Speaking of the ruling passion, strong in death," said one of New York's physicians to a New York Commercial Advertiser man, "I encountered an odd example of it a short time ago. In a family wherein I have a couple of regular patients there is a small boy who has lived four brief but exciting years. I have no hesitation in saying that he is absolutely the worst child that I ever met. His ingenuity in all forms of infantile misbehavior is marvelous, and left to himself he can devise an endless number of unique ways for getting into hot water. About two months ago he began an open warfare on the grand piano which stands in his parents' parlor. He filled the legs of this unfortunate instrument full of depts and then began to rip the ivory coverings from its keys whenever occasion offered. His delight in this was deep rooted and all absorbing. A sudden change in the weather, however, laid this incorrigible infant low with a first-class attack of pneumonia, and the piano was given a rest and a chance to recuperate. One evening I came to the conclusion that there was no hope of the child's life, and, as tenderly as possible, conveyed that fact to his parents, who for five days had never left his bedside. In a spasm of grief the mother lifted the boy from the bed and hysterically clasped him to her bosom. That action saved his life. The shock set the blood which clogged his lungs in circulation again, and another possibility of saving him materialized. As I was hastily giving my orders for some medicines that would be needed at once the boy's eyes opened languidly, and he looked around the room with an expression of unutterable weariness. 'Give him anything,' I cried—'anything that he wants!' A gleam of interest shot into those tired eyes, and the weakest of voices piped: 'Please, mamma, can I keep on bustin' the piano?'"

He Had Business on Hand.

Of the father of the present king of Bavaria it is related that one day, when two of his cabinet ministers called upon him with the draft of a new law for which they required his approval and signature, they found him seated in his arm-chair, with an open book on his knees. After reading the statute to his majesty, the ministers stood for a long time silently waiting for an answer. At length, when their patience was nearly exhausted, the king suddenly closed his book with a bang, and exclaimed, with a look of unutterable triumph: "I have got him! I have got him!" He had caught and crushed a fly.

Emperor William's Condition.

"My belief is," said a doctor who recently returned from Germany, "that the emperor has not long to reign, and that before the lapse of a great length of time his insanity will be a matter about which there can be no dispute. I have seen him several times of late in his own country and in his every action he seemed restless lest people should not feel to the full that he is the mighty ruler of a great nation. He is eternally posing. At one time the two forefingers of the right hand fly to his forehead in answer to the salute of some citizen. The next moment the hand springs to the hilt of his sword as if he longed to unsheath it and throw away the scabbard."

The Art Interchange.

The Art Interchange for February, gives three colored supplements, one of them being an admirable portrait of an Irish setter. It was painted by the celebrated young artist, Marie Guise, who has been called the American Rosa Bonheur. Another beautiful color reproduction is a Venetian Scene, in water-colors, and a third color supplement shows birds in flight. All of these are excellent examples of color work, most useful to art-workers of all kinds, and desirable also for those who wish to decorate their homes with good pictures by American artists. The magazine itself abounds in illustrations, among the most notable of which are a charming valentine design; portraits of famous painters, Deiz and Knaus, with beautiful copies of their paintings; and a wealth of clever initials, hair-brushes, ring trays, photograph screens, interiors, candlesticks, tea cups, etc. Price of the February issue of the Art Interchange, including the three color pictures, 35 cents. For sale by all newsdealers. Published by The Art Interchange Co., 9 Desbrosses street, New York.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

A Healthy and Delicious Beverage.

Menier Chocolate. Learn to make a real cup of Chocolate, by addressing C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, and get free samples with directions.

Linen Crumb cloths at Weiler Bros

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an INFANTS' FOOD. Ask your grocer for it.

GUARANTEED!

The Best Cigars in the Market.

INVINCIBLE SPOTS

RIALTO

PEG-TOP and L.O.G.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.

MONTREAL. fe27 1y

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

JAS. COLLINS, - - MANAGER.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

MARCH 3, 4 AND 5,

Engagement of the

MADISON SQUARE CO'Y,

Who will present Joaquin Miller's Masterwork in Five Acts, entitled

"The Danites"

Produced with magnificent new scenery and effect and an unequaled cast.

Scale of Prices—Reserved Seats, $1.00, 75c and 50c; Gallery 25c. Every lady attending will receive a numbered ticket entitling her to a chance in a Beautiful Oil Painting, now on exhibition in Jameson's window. The only proviso is, the lady must be present on the night of the drawing, which will take place in sight of the audience on Saturday evening, March 5th.

NEXT ATTRACTION---MAUDE GRANGER.

IMPERIAL THEATRE.

Continued Success! A Decided Hit of

RICE'S VICTORIA STOCK CO.

WEEK BEGINNING FEBRUARY 29.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

The Great Comedy Success,

UNCLE :: DAN'L.

EXTRAORDIDARY ANNOUNCEMENT!

MR. ARTHUR FORREST

Supported by RICE'S VICTORIA STOCK CO. will open Thursday, March 3rd, in the Beautiful Society Drama,

DIVORCE.

OUR POPULAR PRICES—25c, 35c and 50c. Box Seats 60c.

Seats reserved at Kerr & Begg's bookstore.

RUSSIA -:-

—AND—

-:- RUSSIANS

A lecture on the above subject under the patronage of HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BRITISH COLUMBIA and the MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, will be delivered at the

VICTORIA THEATRE,

ON MARCH 7th AT 8 P.M.

—BY—

C. Phillips-Wolley, F.R.G.S.

Late British Vice-Consul to Southern Russia, in aid of the starving peasantry in the corn-growing districts of Russia.

The funds collected will be distributed through English agents, and will not be handled by Russian agents.

Admission to parquette and dress circle $1; gallery 25c. Tickets for sale at the book and stationery and music stores of M. W. Waitt & Co., Government street. fe29-1d

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes).

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

BRINTON'S CARPETS LEAD!

Immense assortment just arrived.
Choicest designs and colorings.

LACE CURTAINS

Well selected stock. Low price

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY

66 TO 68 GOVERNMENT STREET.

"THE GLOBE"

Oyster and Chop House

42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

VINCENT & HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

RE ESTATE OF ABEL BESWICK, DECEASED.

To Builders and Others:

FOR SALE—All that piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Victoria, and described as Section 56 Spring Ridge on the official map. Containing good sand for building and other purposes.

ALSO—Two lots, each 140x45 on North Park street, a few yards from Cook street tram line, described as Nos. 5 and 6 of Subdivision Lot 1, Suburban Lot 18, Victoria city.

Tenders (terms cash) for either or both of the above properties to be sent to the undersigned not later than Thursday, March 10th, 1892. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS BURTON,
fe24tomh9 22 Kingston street, James Bay.

FOR SALE

ON THE FRASER RIVER,

160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to D. W. SUTHERLAND, Mt. Lehman, B.C.

jy13-tf

A NICE HOT LUNCH.

Some ha'e meat and canna' eat,
And some would eat wha want it;
But we ha'e meat and you can eat
If you will come and tak' it.

—AT THE—

BEE :: HIVE :: SALOON

Corner of Broad and Fort Streets.

COOK & IRVING

PROPRIETORS. fe8 1m

HOTEL JANION

26 STORE STREET.

Newly furnished in first-class style throughout. Table unsurpassed. $1.25 to $2.00 per day Special rate by the week and for families.

WALKER & REINHART, - - Proprietors.

fe9-1m

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

IMPROVED DENTISTRY.

HAVING RETURNED FROM EUROPE, I shall be pleased to receive my old and new patients at my office, 73 Government street. I am now prepared to furnish you with the latest methods in the Dental art. My specialties are Apparatus for Cleft Palate, my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth, Regulating Teeth, and the latest setting, Diamonds into Natural and Artificial Teeth. None but first-class work furnished.

DR. HARTMAN.

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, at Janion's Wharf

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtain from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

dec30

THE

JAPANESE BAZAAR

PORCELAINS, : SILKS

CURIOS.

Splendid Choice of Japanese Lily Bulbs.

T. S. FUTCHER,

IMPORTER AND RETAILER,

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au23 tf

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,

52 Government street, Victoria.

C. F. MacKENZIE

CARPENTER & BUILDER

Workshop, 67 Douglas St.

Stores and offices fitted up. House repairs promptly attended to. j5-3m

BELYEA & GREGORY,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

OFFICE:

White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

P.O. BOX 383.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO

ALBANY OREGON.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.

OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.

The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.

We are not jewelers (simply dealing in glasses) but the ONLY OPTICIANS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

27 FORT ST.

Washed by the Waves.

PENDRAY'S - SOAP

It outshines all the rest.
It floats on the top.
Goes further than others.
It never fails.

USE :: PENDRAY'S :: SOAP

You Will Never Regret It.

Makes the home bright,
The children healthy
And Washing Day a Holiday

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have learned that certain parties are going around the city circulating a story to the effect that I have sold my wood business to them. It is entirely false, and if further circulated the guilty ones will be prosecuted. I will have my name on my wood-sawing machine to prevent further deception, and will still be found at 151 Fort street, ready to fill all orders satisfactorily.

N.B.---After the 1st of April I will move directly across the street to 140 Fort street.

JOSEPH PERRY.

fe27-1m

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburg

RESIDENCE:

137 Cormorant Street, above Blanchar

feb17

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

REAL ESTATE LIST.

P&M VICTORIA P&M

$350—One lot, 60x130, on Oak Bay avenue car line.
$275—One lot on Tennyson road, 42x202 ft.
$1000—Two lots on corner of Banks street and Leighston road.
$475—One lot close to car line on Douglas street, 60x125.
$250—One lot in "Davidson Addition," Boleskine road, on easy terms.
$300—Two lots on Richmond avenue, close to the car line.
$1150—A 4-roomed cottage situate on Fort street. Terms $500 cash, balance two years at 8 per cent.
$200 per acre—Several blocks in sizes to suit, from one to 10 acres, easy terms.
$850—One lot on St. Charles street, close to Fort street.
$700—One lot on Moss street, on easy terms. All cleared.
$850—A 4-roomed cottage, Old Esquimalt road. Terms $300 cash, balance in easy payments extending over 18 months at 8 per cent.
$700—One lot on Michigan street, James Bay.
$850—One lot on Hillside avenue.
$850—One large lot on Gorge road, close to car line.
$700—One lot on Garbally road, close to the Fountain.

P&M Barclay, B.C. P&M

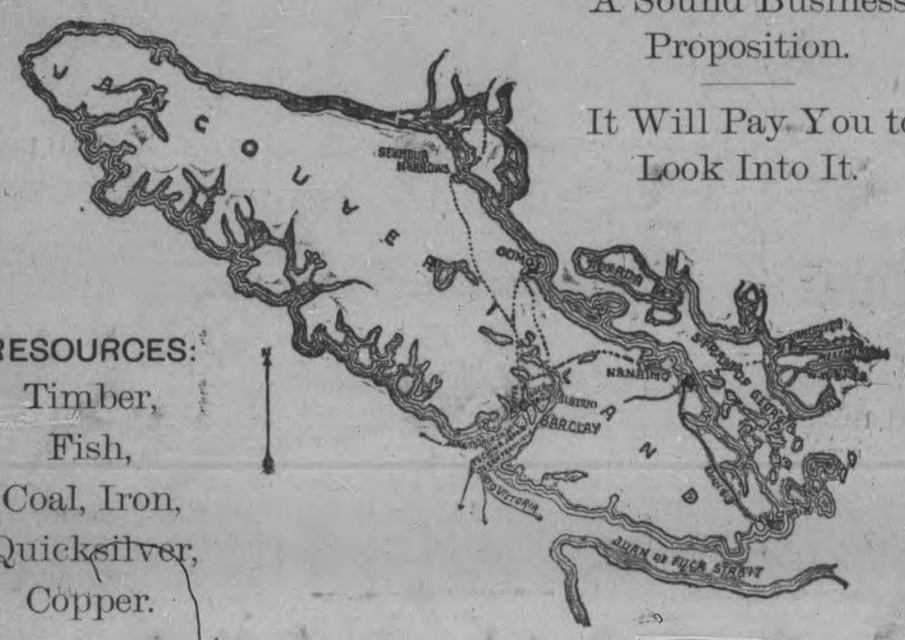
For full particulars see large advertisement in this paper. Lots are now selling at $85 and $95 a lot. Terms, one-third cash, balance in three and six months at 8 per cent.

PAGE & MacGREGOR,
Real Estate & Insurance Brokers
18--Trounce Avenue--18

BARCLAY!

A Sound Business Proposition.

It Will Pay You to Look Into It.



RESOURCES:
Timber,
Fish,
Coal, Iron,
Quicksilver,
Copper.

GENERAL AGENTS { CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
PAGE & McGREGOR,
YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO.

THE BARCLAY SOUND LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.

VICTORIA, B. C.

CAUTION IN SLEEPING-CARS.

Good Advice to Travelers—Look Out for Predatory Porters.

"I have learned to watch my valuables when on a sleeping-car," said a well-known Washingtonian to a New York Tribune writer, "almost as closely as if I were on guard duty. The sleeping-car companies no doubt try to obtain honest men in their employ, but some of the porters, not content with squeezing fees out of everybody by the familiar blacking-brush and wisp-broom methods, are not above extracting at least part of their valuables in advance, if the chance offers. Last week, with my wife, I came over from Washington on a sleeping-car. Her pocketbook, which fortunately contained only silver and pennies, was carelessly left in her satchel, and that placed on the floor under the berth. In the morning the pocketbook contained only three pennies. The porter, in looking up my shoes to impart that ghostly sleeping-car shine, had taken 'a flyer' through the satchel near by. The pocketbook was silver mounted and worth many dollars, but the porter, well knowing that safety lay in trifles, had extracted only the change and left the purse itself. There is no redress for these petty thefts. It may not have been the porter. Who knows? You were asleep. The only safe remedy, as I said, is to watch your property sharp yourself.

"Three years ago I was going over from Chicago to St. Paul on a sleeping-car. I had obtained a lower berth, but at the end of the car. The upper just above me had been secured by a stout man, who seemed so reluctant to mount skyward that I at last offered to exchange with him. This offer he gratefully accepted. In the morning, after the usual sleeping-car toilet, I was horrified to find that my pocketbook was gone. The obsequious porter aided my search and seemed most solicitous, but the pocketbook and the thirty-seven dollars it contained were not to be found. I told my fat acquaintance in the lower berth of my loss. He listened with extreme attention and interest, but said nothing. 'You don't seem very sympathetic,' I said. 'Sympathetic,' he replied. 'Of course, I am sorry for you, but I was thinking of my own escape. That porter stole your wallet. He was undoubtedly after me. He knows I am the manager of a theatrical company and concluded I would have money; but our exchange of berths mixed him up and he went through the wrong man. I am sorry for you, my friend; you've lost thirty-seven dollars, but you have saved me eighteen hundred dollars. I won't offer to make up your loss, but I'll loan you fifty dollars just as long as you choose to keep it.'"

Lake Superior whitefish, and salmon-trout, also Glasgow beef-ham, received this day, at R. H. Jamieson's, Red Front Store, 33 Fort street.

A PET PRAIRIE DOG.

It Will Climb Up On Its Owner's Lap and Nestle Close to Him and Sleep.

A gentleman living in this city has a pet which is, all things considered, one of the most affectionate and most intelligent pets in the whole country, says an Abilene (Tex.) correspondent in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. It is nothing but a prairie dog, and prairie dogs are supposed to be rather stupid and uninteresting; but this particular one, whose name is Crockett, certainly receives a great deal of attention from all his acquaintances. He was brought to the city when he was very small and presented to a little girl, and it was expected that Crockett and Mamie would be great playmates and fast friends. Very soon, however, the prairie dog formed the most unreasoning attachment for Mamie's father, and it is something wonderful and pathetic to see his devotion to this one object of his affection. While Mr. R. is about the house Crockett will climb into his lap, or, being denied that privilege, will lie on the floor with his head resting on his master's foot or his arms clasped about it. He begs with pitiful cries to be left in the room at night and when bed time approaches he invariably sneaks into some hiding place, hoping that he may be overlooked. In the morning when Mr. R. starts to town Crockett follows him to the gate and parts from him there with many regrets, rising on his haunches every minute or two to watch him out of sight and barking and crying alternately as he turns the last corner. And when the whistle sounds at noon Crockett instantly rushes to the gate at full speed and watches for his master's coming with all the intelligence of a child. The little marmot knows the man it loves when he is three or four blocks away, and if he is alone it runs to meet him and must be taken up and ride home on his shoulder. If any stranger should be with him, however, Crockett rises on his haunches, sniffs the air and barks angrily, and then advances a few steps and stops again to investigate and to sound his disapproval. All the children of the family and many other persons have made every exertion to win the confidence of this little creature, but in vain. He tolerates them, but all his love is given to this one human being out of all the world.

Treasure in the Clock.

An apprentice of Mr. Gardiner's jewelry establishment, Reading, Eng., was cleaning an old-fashioned clock a few weeks ago, says the Watchmaker, Jeweler and Silversmith, when, to his amazement, he discovered seven sovereigns, wrapped in separate pieces of paper, among the works. Smith informed the foreman of the discovery. The clock had belonged to an old man at Caversham, and after his death a poor woman took it to be repaired, and called for it at the time appointed, when she was informed of the money. She was delighted by the discovery, and offered to leave a portion of the treasure for the benefit of those employed in the establishment.

Sheep That Never Drink.

A stony, waterless region of France has evolved a race of animals that do not drink. The sheep, feeding upon the fragrant herbs, have altogether unlearned the habit of drinking and the cows drink very little. The much-esteemed Roquefort cheese is made from milk of the non-drinking ewes.

FARM, ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

MISSOURI had 6,728,000 acres in corn this year.

A SUNFLOWER fifty-two inches in circumference, and weighing eleven pounds, was raised this fall by a farmer in Garfield, Wash.

A FARMER in Missouri grafted a tomato vine into a potato vine and got two crops, one from the top and the other from the roots.

S. M. TUTTLE, of Ashland, Mo., exhibited a peach that measured eleven and one-half inches one way and ten and one-half the other, and weighed three-quarters of a pound.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—E J Nuben, W F McKay, O Halsted, John Smith, J S Crain, H J Collins, W Whitehead, Jno Anderson, W Bordie and wife, J Masehak R G Garvin, W J Bryan and wife, J D Frey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JAMES ALLISON—Late proprietor of the Caledonian Dye Works, has removed the Paisley Dye Works to 116 Yates street, where he will be glad to be visited by his old customers. Ladies' and Gents' clothing cleaned and dyed. Silks and fancy dyeing and steam finishing a specialty. mh4

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain Works constructed in or on Navigable Waters," Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability, intends to apply to the Governor-General of Canada in Council for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said Company in and about the Cowichan River between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver in the Province of British Columbia, and has in accordance with the provisions of the said Act deposited a description of the proposed site of such works and improvements and a description of such works and improvements, together with plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1892.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability.
mh4-1m

CAPT. WILLIAM MOORE

MESSRS. LANGLEY & CO.
DEAR SIRS:—

I have great pleasure in giving you this testimonial for your Balsam of Aniseed, having used it for many years in my family, for coughs, colds, bronchitis. One or two bottles generally effecting a cure in bronchitis.

Yours truly,
WM. MOORE.

Victoria, Feb. 23rd, 1892.
fe17

Tweed Pants,

Made to Order,

$4.00

RUSSELL McDONALD & CO.
124 DOUGLAS STREET.

DON'T SCOLD

Us for insisting in bringing before your notice the

FACT

that Cameron's Cash Clothing Store is the cheapest, best shop in the city for your husband or your boys. We speak to-day to the

LADIES.

A. W. MORE & CO.

Beg to offer the following for sale:

6 ACRES one mile from Postoffice, only **$10,000**

Lots adjoining selling at $700 each.

FARMS.

160 acres, good house and four sheds; 10 acres cleared, Shawnigan	$1600
200 acres at Alberni	2000
50 acres, 11 miles from Victoria, 10 acres cleared	1500
640 acres, Okanagan District, 200 acres under cultivation.	
624 acres, good house, 35 acres cleared, Salt Spring Island	6000
152 acres, 60 acres cleared and fenced, no stumps left; good soil; one mile from Alberni Townsite; only	3000

RESIDENCE LOTS.

Esquimalt road, lots	$550 to $600
Fernwood Estate, lots	$400 to 550
Corner acre, Fernwood Estate	3000
Lot on Fort street	1050
Lot on Michigan street near Menzies	800
James Bay lots	$700 to 2100

HOUSES.

House and lot, 4 rooms, Pembroke street	$1100
House, 6 rooms, on Fort street	2100
House, 6 rooms, Fernwood road	2000
House 5 rooms, James Bay	1900
Fine residence, James Bay	4700
House, 5 rooms, Work Estate	2000
House, Victoria West, 4 rooms	1150
House, 8 rooms, near the Cathedral	3700
House, 5 rooms, Pandora street	2525
House and half an acre, 7 rooms	1800
Fine residence	8000
First-class boarding house.	

BUSINESS LOTS.

For sale on Government street, Douglas street, Yates street, Fort street and Johnson street.	
30 feet by 60, on Douglas street	$5250

NELSON.

One acre, corner Pine street, only	$400

PEMBROKE STREET LOTS.

Only a few left at $335 for cash, or $350 on terms ⅓ cash, ⅓ six and twelve months at eight per cent.

OFFICE: TURNER BUILDING, 70 DOUGLAS STREET.

STILL A FEW LEFT.

Secure one of those fine Lots at the **Junction of Government and Douglas Streets** before they are all sold. **TERMS EASY.**

Also Some Nice Residential Property on Bellott St.

We are offering some valuable property in the centre of

CHINATOWN

Full particulars on application to

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 GOVERNMENT ST.

THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS

ROBINSON'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SWEEP LEVER PERPETUAL PRESS

With Patent Double Condensing Hopper.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,

Send for Circulars and Price Lists. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

KASLO CITY

The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.

This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.

The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.

A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is supplied for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.

If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the Leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS

WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA.

Call or send for further particulars.